

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 20, 1896.

NUMBER 26.

Remnant Sale

-- OF --

Dry Goods.

Cost cuts no figure.
We want to rush
them out quick,
therefore have put
the prices away down.

W. P. SGHENK & COMPANY.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.
Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.
W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

This Month

We are offering special prices on bed-room suits. Call and see our new stock. Also bring in your pictures and have them framed before house cleaning begins. Remember us when in need of anything in the line of furniture.

W. J. KNAPP.

Let us make
Your Clothes

Prime materials and work in every way.

GEO. WEBSTER.

Subscribe for the Herald.

Shanahan-Kelly.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in St. Mary's church Tuesday, Feb. 18, 1896, when Mr. James Shanahan and Miss Margaret Kelly, both very estimable young people of Chelsea, were united in the sacred bonds of matrimony.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William P. Considine, the pastor of the church, who celebrated the nuptial mass and imparted the solemn and beautiful benediction of the church on the newly-wedded couple. Mr. George Shanahan and Miss Anna McCover were the attendants. The church was filled with the relatives and friends of the groom and bride. Miss Caroline Cunningham played the wedding march most acceptably. After the church service the bridal party went to the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kelly, where they partook of an elegant wedding breakfast.

Mr. and Mrs. Shanahan are among the most highly esteemed people of Chelsea. The groom is a prosperous farmer and has a beautiful home in Lyndon, to which he took his bride, where they have gone to housekeeping, and are at home to their many friends.

We beg to tender our congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Shanahan, and in unison with their hosts of friends, to wish them all joy and happiness during their wedded life.

From the W. R. C.

The following are only a few of the many who so kindly responded to the invitation given by the W. R. C. Thanks to all:

From the ex-president of Chelsea village. Two dollars, given in remembrance of the boys in blue, who died so that my adopted country should be the best on earth. Wm. Bacon and family.

Mayor Pingree, Detroit, sent his offering with best wishes and success.

Ex-Congressman James O'Donnell, Jackson, not wishing to divulge his age, enclosed 100 cents, representing the number of years he would like to live in this beautiful land of ours.

Mrs. Starkweather, of Ypsilanti, sent her generous offering of \$5.

Elmer Hammond, one of Chelsea's boys, enclosed his offering—but how much? 'Tis a secret all through leap year.

Offerings have been coming in so that now the W. R. C. have received from their birthday party \$140.

MRS. MILLER.

Circuit Court Jury.

The following Jurors have been drawn for the March term of the Circuit Court, to convene the first Monday in March:

Joseph Lowry, Bridgewater.
Louis Hindelone, Dexter.
Herman Bertki, Freedom.
James McLaren, Lima.
Geo. Hammond, Lodi.
Geo. B. Goodwin, Lyndon.
C. E. Lewis, Manchester.
Albert Stevens, Northfield.
Walter Lathrop, Pittsfield.
Arthur Van Sickle, Salem.
S. H. Fish, Saline.
Charles Bates, Scio.
Geo. R. Raymond, Sharon.
Edward Finnell, Superior.
Wm. R. Reed, Sylvan.
Merritt Ward, Webster.
Ed. Guy, York.
Cyrus Mead, Ypsilanti, 1st district.
W. F. Smith, 2nd district.
R. Parsons, Ypsilanti Town.
Robert Campbell, Ann Arbor, 1st ward.
Christian Schumacher, 2nd ward.
Frank Wood, 3rd ward.
J. A. Brown, 4th ward.
Newton Felch, 5th ward.
Geo. Kingsley, 6th ward.
Homer P. Finley, 7th ward.
R. G. Buell, Ann Arbor Town.
Charles Dickerson, Augusta.
Benjamin R. Fieldcamp, Bridgewater.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Prices Speak Right To the Point.

And that is why we quote them. They tell a customer right

In a Nutshell

Just how much they can save by going to the

Bank Drug Store

After their drugs and groceries. We are selling this week large cucumber pickles, hard and brittle, at 4 cents per dozen. Fresh ginger snaps at 5 cents per pound. Rich cream cheese 12½ cents per pound. 7 cans of sardines for 25 cents.

Fresh Oysters.

Oysters are prime during this cold weather and we have them fresh. Good full cans for 16 cents. Best Standards 18 cents. Best Selects 23 cents. 6 pounds best crackers for 24 cents.

Wall Paper, Decorating Paints, Etc.

According to the thermometer it isn't quite spring yet, but we are on hand already with a large assortment of beautiful patterns in paper hangings matched up complete. Don't buy anything in this line without first calling on us. We have a very large assortment of colors in paints, all tints and shades, and can supply you with just what you want.

We Invite You

To sample our 30-cent tea. It is a rich, strong, uncolored Japan, and suits everyone who tries it. Our tea dusts cannot be matched for the money. Ask our customers about this.

We Are Selling at Present:

19 lbs granulated sugar for \$1.00.
23 lbs medium brown sugar for \$1.
Electric kerosine oil 10c per gal.
25 boxes matches for 25c.
Sultana seedless raisins 5c per lb.
10 lbs best oatmeal for 25c.
Pure kettle rendered lard 7c per lb.
Fresh baked peanuts 8c per lb.
6 lbs English currants for 25c.
50 lbs sulphur for \$1.00.
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25c.
New herring 13c per box.

Yours for the

Lowest Prices.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

THE CASH STORE.

Tinware at 1-2 price.
Groceries Cheap and Good.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

"Do you want any Ice?"

"Yes!"

"Whoa!!"

We will sell you a Hardwood, Dry Air Refrigerator, and keep it filled with Cavanaugh or Cedar Lake ice the coming summer, for the small sum of \$10.00, to be paid in weekly installments of 50 cents. This is less than the retail price of the Refrigerators.

For further particulars call at our office where the refrigerator can be seen.
FRANK STAFFAN & SON.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,
Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dismenorrhoea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 18 days.

For sale by all Druggists.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

FEBRUARY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29						

The News of the Week.

BY TELEGRAPH AND MAIL.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the First Session.
Short speeches were made in the senate on the 10th on the Monroe doctrine and relative to the termination of the war in Cuba. The nomination of Edwin F. Uhl, of Michigan, to be ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany was confirmed. In the house the bond bill was further discussed. The death of Representative Crain, of Texas, was announced, and as a mark of respect the house adjourned for the day. In the senate on the 11th the bill demanding the purchase and distribution of seeds was passed. Senator Cullom (Ill.) introduced a bill giving a pension of \$24 per month to ex-soldiers 75 years of age who served in both the Mexican and civil wars. In discussing the deficiency bill Senator Allen (Neb.) said the two frauds of the public service were the civil service commission and the interstate commerce commission. Senator Wolcott (Col.) said the real menace to the country was the power of patronage lodged with the executive. The nomination of W. W. Rockwell, of Maryland, to be assistant secretary of state was received. In the house the day was devoted to the consideration of business reported from the committee on the District of Columbia.
Discussion of the deficiency appropriation bill occupied the time of the senate on the 12th. Senator Peffer (Kan.) introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the circumstances of all recent bond issues. In the house a resolution was adopted appropriating \$75,000 to make a joint survey together with Great Britain of the boundary line between Alaska and British territory. The silver bond bill was further considered. By a vote of 21 yeas to 20 nays the senate on the 13th defeated the motion of Senator Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, to take up the tariff bill. The urgent deficiency bill, carrying appropriations to the amount of about \$6,000,000, was passed, and the military appropriation bill was discussed. The house, by a vote of 80 to 190 in committee of the whole, rejected the senate free-coinage bill and reported the bill with a recommendation to nonconcur and insist on the house bill.
The senate has adjourned until the 17th. In the house on the 14th, after debate, the senate's free-coinage substitute for the bill of the house, authorizing bond sales to maintain the gold reserve, sales of treasury certificates to meet temporary deficiencies in revenue and providing additional revenue for the treasury, was defeated by a vote of 215 to 90.

DOMESTIC.

A train on the Great Northern road was wrecked near Clarissa, Minn., and all of the 25 passengers aboard were injured, though none seriously.
Zib McCollen, Elijah Lemmons, Dennis Gunn and the latter's son were drowned while attempting to cross the Dan river near Stoneville, N. C.
Dynamite was discovered on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad bridge at Napoleon, O., in time to prevent the wrecking of a passenger train.
James Walker, a negro, and Miss Halle Shafter, daughter of a wealthy Indiana farmer, were married. The deed in Indiana is punishable by ten years' imprisonment.
Burglars effected an entrance into the Leesburg (O.) bank and carried off \$5,000 in money.
Skeletons of living bodies were photographed in the laboratory at Trinity college in Hartford, Conn.
A bill was introduced in the Ohio house providing a fine of from \$10 to \$100 for every legal voter who neglects to vote.
Cullers & Henry, wholesale grocers at Sherman, Tex., made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.
A passenger and a freight train collided near Dongola, Ill., and Engineer Huntington, Fireman Anderson and Adams, Baggageman Armstrong and brakeman McLean were killed.
Bartholomew Shea died in the electrical chair at Dannemora, N. Y., for the murder of Robert Rose during an election riot at Troy in March, 1894.
At Newton, Ia., Charles Phares, while crazy, shot and killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. R. T. Smith, fatally shot his father-in-law, R. T. Smith, and then killed himself.
The Valley state bank at Hutchinson, Kan., was closed with liabilities of \$134,000.
Dr. William S. Armstrong, at the head of his profession in Georgia, fell dead while attending a medical meeting.
T. W. Wood, aged 55 years, murdered his daughter Minnie with a hatchet at Antioch, Miss., and then shot himself.
Burglars robbed and then burned the post office at Petersburg, Ill.
Grant Atterberry, who was in jail at Sullivan, Ill., charged with assaulting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Rovy Atterberry, January 23, was taken from the jail by a masked mob and strung up to a tree.

Maggie Callard, aged 14, and Mabel Winters, aged 13, were drowned while skating near Middletown, N. Y.
As the result of a quarrel near Paris, Tex., Charles and William Walker were killed and Jack Williams was fatally shot. All were prosperous farmers.
Near Dexter, O., on the Kanawha & Michigan railroad, ten freight cars jumped the track and seven tramps were killed.
William Fowlds, Archie Warner and Alvin Rowley, all men with families, were killed near Milan, O., by the caving in of the wall of an artesian well which they were boring.
J. Z. Anderson, a fruit dealer at San Jose, Cal., failed for \$126,000.
For the first time in half a century the Niagara falls on the American side practically ran dry. The formation of an ice gorge was the cause.
Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling were indicted at Newport, Ky., for the murder of Pearl Bryan, the girl found at Fort Thomas, Ky., with her head cut off.
The heaviest snowstorm of the winter visited Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and Missouri.
Twenty business places, including the post office and bank, were burned at Kennett, Mo.
Miners at Sand Run and Carbon Hill, Pa., were said to be in a very destitute condition.
Edwin F. Uhl qualified as ambassador of the United States to Germany and vacated the office of assistant secretary of state.
A. B. Williams, until recently cashier of the Traders' national bank at Scranton, Pa., was said to be short \$33,000 in his accounts.
A boat containing five dead men and six barely alive was found on Dog island beach near Carrabelle, Fla.
The fight advertised to take place on the 14th in Texas between Fitzsimmons and Maher was postponed because of the bad condition of the latter's eyes.
At Brown university in Providence, R. I., several juniors were expelled for the remainder of the college year because of alleged dishonesty in rhetoric.
Jacob Vogel & Sons, pork packers in Cincinnati, have made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.
Dick Whittington, who started from San Francisco April 5, 1895, to push a wheelbarrow round the globe within three years, on a wager of \$10,000, arrived in Pittsburgh, Pa.
Luckett & Co.'s tobacco factory and stemmery in Clarksville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire, consuming 1,500,000 pounds of tobacco and causing a loss of \$100,000.
The Exchange bank at Flemingsburg, Ky., assigned with liabilities of \$70,000 and assets of \$100,000.
The Baltimore Condensed Milk company and the York Canning company at York, Pa., failed with total liabilities of \$102,000.
John, alias "Patsey," Harris, the murderer of Matthew Spruell on July 4 last, was hanged at Washington in the District of Columbia jail.
There were 381 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 14th, against 323 the week previous and 270 in the corresponding period of 1895.
The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 14th aggregated \$905,345,253, against \$999,006,409 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1895, was 9.8.
Fire that broke out in C. G. Loaz' dry goods store at Sunfield, Mich., burned four stores and a hotel, the total loss being \$100,000.
Three workmen were killed and three fatally wounded by a boiler explosion in a mill near Ashboro, N. C.
P. A. Higgins and his wife and son and daughter all died with the measles within a few days of each other at Brights, Ala.
Gov. Morton signed the bill passed by the New York legislature transferring the Palisades to the national government for a national park.
A negro, or a white man with his face blackened, while robbing the residence of Jefferson Smith at Dallas, Tex., fatally stabbed Smith and killed his wife with an ax.
At Centerville, Ia., George Jones shot and killed his sweetheart, Leah Martin, her mother, Mrs. W. J. Martin, and then put a bullet into his own head. Mrs. Martin's objections to the young man's attentions to her daughter was the cause.
The first annual show of the National Poultry association opened in Central Market hall in Washington.
PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
The republicans of the Sixth district of Illinois renominated E. D. Cooke for congress.
Isaac Murphy, the celebrated colored jockey, died at Lexington, Ky., of heart failure.
Judge Emory D. Potter died at Toledo, O., aged 92 years. He was a member of congress in 1851.
Pennsylvania democrats will meet at Allentown April 29 to nominate candidates for presidential electors, two congressmen at large and delegates to the national democratic convention.
Mary E. Lease, of Wichita, Kan., the well-known lecturer, has decided to enter the ministry.
The convention of Republican clubs of Ohio met at Columbus and endorsed Maj. McKinley for president.
The 87th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated throughout the country.

The republicans of Minnesota will meet in state convention in Minneapolis March 24 for the selection of four delegates at large and nine presidential electors.
Mrs. Angela Carberry, who has lived 88 days without a mouthful of solid nourishment, died at Eckerty, Ind.
James B. Brown, for 33 years editor of the Galena (Ill.) Gazette, died at the home of his daughter in Chicago, aged 64 years.
Allen Dodsworth, for many years conductor of the celebrated Dodsworth's band in New York, died at Pasadena, Cal., aged 78 years.
The Nebraska state prohibition convention in session at Lincoln elected 12 delegates to the Pittsburgh national convention to be held March 27.
Rev. William Lathrop Kingsley, one of the profoundest scholars in New England, died at his home in New Haven, Conn., aged 72 years. He had been editor of the New Englander and Yale Review for nearly 40 years.
Republicans of the Third Illinois district renominated Hugh R. Belknap for congress, and in the Fifth district George E. White was renominated.
Nebraska republicans will hold their state convention to select delegates to the national convention on April 15 at Omaha.
Judge Alexander Davis, the noted jurist, who figured in many of the frontier romances of early days and was one of the characters in Mark Twain's "Roughing It," died in St. Louis, aged 64 years.
FOREIGN.
The City of Guayaquil, in Ecuador, was visited by a fire that caused a loss of \$4,000,000.
The rebels in Corea have killed a party of Japanese who were engaged in protecting the telegraph.
It was announced from Glasgow that Mr. Gladstone would reenter parliament. He wishes to support the Armenians.
Ambrose Thomas, the famous musical composer, died in Paris, aged 85 years.
A steamer capsized on the river at Brisbane, Queensland, and 40 persons were drowned.
Further advices say that the fire in Guayaquil, Ecuador, destroyed 130 houses and 30 persons were burned to death.
Advices from Seoul, capital of Corea, say that in an uprising there the premier and seven officials were murdered and the king and crown prince sought shelter in the Russian legation.
Etienne Chatelain, a pensioner of the war of 1812, died at Cornwall, Ont., at the age of 100 years. His widow is over 95 years of age.
James McDougall & Co., wholesale clothiers at Montreal, failed for \$100,000.
It was reported from Siberia that Dr. Fritof Nansen, the Norwegian scientist and explorer, had reached the north pole, had found land there and was returning to civilization.
LATER.
Weyler, the new governor of Cuba ordered all the inhabitants of the district of Sancti Spiritus and the province of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba to assemble within eight days and prove their identity, and said that offenders would be summarily punished, with Spanish soldiers as their judges.
Robert Williams, the negro who killed Police Officer Suggs, was lynched by a mob near Montgomery, Ala.
The British consul at Archangel, Russia, telegraphed a confirmation of the report that Dr. Nansen was safe and returning from the north pole.
Miss Clara Barton and her colleagues of the Red Cross society arrived in Constantinople.
Barbara Kossel, a pretty German girl 19 years old, shot and killed John Rohlfing, her lover, at St. Louis, and then fired a bullet into her own brain and died instantly. Jealousy was the cause.
The Buckeye glass works of Martin's Ferry, W. Va., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$150,000.
A skip jumped the track in a mine at Republic, Mich., killing William McGraw, James Dodge, Adolph Boitel and Matthias Tegelberg.
At a bull fight during a carnival at Juarez, Mexico, four bulls and five horses were killed.
Emile Davis was hanged at Linn, Mo., for the murder of Frank Henderson, his sister's sweetheart, whom he poisoned.
Thomas Hughes Hineckley, an artist of wide fame, died at his home in Milton, Mass., aged 83 years.
The machine shops of the Mexican International railroad at Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mex., were burned, the loss being \$200,000.
John Wright died at his home in Santa Rosa county, Fla., aged 128 years. He had been blind for many years, but was mentally sound.
The republicans of the Second Illinois district renominated William Lorimer for congress.
Washington, Feb. 17.—In the house on Saturday the agricultural bill was discussed, and during the debate an attack was made on Secretary Morton for his refusal to expend the appropriation for seed and a resolution was adopted directing the judiciary committee to inquire into the right of an executive officer to refuse to execute a law on the ground of its unconstitutionality, and to report by bill or otherwise.

A Trip to the Garden Spots of the South.
On February 11 and March 10, tickets will be sold from principal cities, towns and villages of the north, to all points on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad in Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida and a portion of Kentucky, at one single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good to return within thirty days on payment of \$2 to agent at destination, and will allow stop-over at any points on the south bound trip. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he can not sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or J. K. Ridgely, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.
DUEB.—"It is almost impossible to get seats for the grand opera, and it is a poor company, too. I don't understand it."
DUEB.—"Well, the singers have such weak voices that they do not disturb the conversation."—Harlem Life.
Low Rates South.
On March 3rd, the Monon Route will sell tickets from Chicago to all points in the South at exceedingly low rates: Abbeville, Ga., \$15.80; Decatur, Ala., \$10.05; Chattanooga, Tenn., \$10.75; Jacksonville, Fla., \$18.10; Memphis, Tenn., \$11.10; New Orleans, La., \$17.65; St. Augustine, Fla., \$18.05; Tampa, Fla., \$21.00; Mobile, Ala., \$18.05; and all other points at proportionately low rates.
For further information, address L. E. Sessions, Trav. Pass. Agt., Minneapolis, Minn., or City Ticket Office, 233 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
See the young woman. Is the young woman being suddenly and unexpectedly kissed? Ah, yes. And does the young woman raise a hue and cry? The young woman raises a slight hue, but no cry.—Detroit Tribune.
To California.
Study all time cards and you will find no railroad carrying tourist cars make as quick time as the Phillips Rock Island Excursions. One hour and thirty minutes quicker time than any other route Chicago to Los Angeles.
A. Phillips & Co. have carried over 125,000 passengers to and from California. Why? Because every well-posted California traveler understands Phillips has the best regulated tourist system.
JNO. SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.
PARROT.—"Do you think that Henpeck could ever keep a secret from his wife?"
Wiggins.—"Well, I'll bet that he never lets her know what he really thinks of her!"—Truth.
The Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway
Will on March 3rd sell one way homeseekers' tickets to all points in the Southeast, including Florida, at the lowest rate ever known. On March 10th round trip tickets to many points in the South, including Georgia, can be purchased at one fare plus \$2.00; good for 30 days. For maps, folders and all information write to or see Briard F. Hill, N. P. A., 323 Marquette Bldg., Chicago; R. C. Cowardin, W. P. A., 405 Ry. Bldg., St. Louis, or W. L. Danley, G. P. & T. A., Nashville, Tenn.
"Why did they let that man go who stole the bicycle?" "They had to; they couldn't get a jury to try him—every man in the county rides a wheel."—Philadelphia Record.
To California in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars.
The Burlington Route (C. B. & Q. R. R.) runs personally conducted excursions to California, leaving Chicago every Wednesday. Through cars to California destination, fitted with carpets, upholstered seats, bedding, toilet rooms, etc.; every convenience. Special agent in charge. Route via Denver and Salt Lake. Sunshine all the way. Write for descriptive pamphlet to T. A. Grady, Excursion Manager, 211 Clark St., Chicago.
ALTHOUGH a girl may be bright enough to know that "kiss" is a noun, she's frequently unable to decline it.—Philadelphia Press.
Immigration to the South—Homeseekers' Excursions.
February 11th and March 10th, 1896, Land Seekers' Excursion tickets will be sold from all points in the northwest over the Big Four Route and Chesapeake and Ohio Ry. to Virginia and North and South Carolina at one fare plus two dollars. Virginia has a perfect climate, no blizzards; good markets and cheap transportation. Send for rates, and free descriptive pamphlet of Virginia lands. U. L. Tamm, N. W. P. A., 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
SEE.—"Do you think we are going to have a war?" "Ho—Yes, I do." "What do you think we are going to make war on?" "On paper."—Yonkers Statesman.
Home Seekers' Excursion to the South.
February 11th and March 10th, 1896, Land Seekers' Excursion tickets will be sold from all points in the north and northwest over the Big Four Route to points south and southeast at one fare plus two dollars. Tickets will be good thirty days returning. For excursion rates, time cards, and free pamphlet descriptive of southern farm lands address J. C. Tucker, G. N. A., Big Four Route, 234 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.
QUERUCUS.—"How did such a place ever get the reputation of being a great health resort?" "Cynicus—"Two or three prominent men died there."—Tit-Bits.
Personally Conducted Excursions to California.
Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line, in upholstered tourist sleeping cars, leave Chicago every Thursday via the North-Western Line. Low rates, picturesque route, quickest time and careful attention are advantages offered to those who join these excursions. Cost of berth only \$6.00. Ask your nearest ticket agent for full particulars or address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill.
His head was turned, yet fame had laid no laurels at his feet.
He simply saw a pretty girl.
While passing on the street.
—N. Y. Herald.
The Florida Limited, of the Queen & Crescent Route, leaves Cincinnati to-day at 8:00 a. m., gets to Jacksonville to-morrow morning at same hour. It is a solid vestibuled train. 109 miles shortest line.
"Order in the court!" shouted the judge. "This is the worst disgrace this court has suffered since I was elected to the judgeship!"—Indianapolis Journal.
McVicker's Theater, Chicago.
James A. Hone plays a long engagement early in February, when he will again appear in his successful comedy-drama, "Shore Acres."
They who have light in themselves will not revolve as satellites.—Anon.
HALF RATE land excursions South March 10th via the Queen & Crescent Route. Lands \$5.00 to \$5.00 per acre. Write W. C. RINEHART, G. P. A., Cincinnati, for information.

THE WORLD'S EARLIEST POTATO.
That Salzer's Earliest, fit for use in 28 days. Salzer's new late potato, Champion of the World, is pronounced the heaviest yielder in the world, and we challenge you to produce its equal! 19 acres to Salzer's Earliest Potatoes yield 4000 bushels, sold in June at \$1.00 a bushel—\$4000. That pays.
NOW IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage you will get, free, 10 packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Lathyrus, Sand Vetch, Giant Spurry, Giant Clover, etc., and our seed catalogue.
(K)
WAYTOWN WATSON—"Pardner, do you eat pie with a knife?" Perry Patette—"Wot pie?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.
Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.
Mr. MUMFORD—"I love you for all that I am worth, darling." Miss Budd—"That's just what I love you for."—Boston Courier.

NERVOUS

People wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and

Nervous Dyspepsia. The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood feeding the nerves on refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. Opiate and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell it.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. So.

THIS is the famous DR. LONG PATENT HOOK AND EYE. When hooked it stays hooked. Never unfastens except at the will of the wearer—then it's easy. It's too simple to get out of order—too strong to break. If you want it say to the dealer

See that

hump

Send two cents in stamps—with name and address for folder of new clothes, to Richardson & DeLong Bros., Philadelphia.

A penny—or two

all extra profit.
That's the merchant's reason who urges an inferior binding for a costly skirt. It's not (nothing is) as good as

S. H. & M.

Bias Velvetten Skirt Binding.
Look for S. H. & M. on the label and take no other.
If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Send for samples, showing labels and materials, to the S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Minn., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mon.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the nasal passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 25 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

THE AEROMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Grinding easier. It completes Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buss Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 1214, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

HOMESEEKERS!

The PLANT SYSTEM has for sale 1,000,000 ACRES OF FINE LAND IN FLORIDA. The Plant System's "Compendium of Reliable Facts" a valuable book for the farmer, gardener and investor, FREE ON APPLICATION. Write B. W. WREN, Pass. Traffic Manager, Savannah, Ga., for Literature, Maps, etc.

SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH KRAUSERS LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR. KRAUSERS & SON, MILTON, PA.



Who ate and slept and grew, that's all—
The infant Washington.

Only a boy, like other boys,
With tasks and studies, sports and fun;
Fond of his books and games and toys;
Lying his childish griefs and joys—
The little Washington.

Only a lad, awkward and shy,
Skilled in handling a horse and gun;
Mastering knowledge that, by and by,
Should aid him in duties, great and high;
The youthful Washington.

Only a man of finest bent,
Hero of battles fought and won;
Surveyor, general, president,
Who served his country, and died content—
The patriot, Washington.

Only—ah! what was the secret, then,
Of his being America's honored son?
Why was he famed above other men,
His name upon every tongue and pen,
The illustrious Washington?

A mighty brain, a will to endure,
Passions subdued, a slave to none,
A heart that was brave and strong and
sure.

A soul that was noble and great and pure,
A faith in God that was held secure;
This was George Washington.

—W. Va. School Journal.

Unconditional Surrender

[Original.]

SOMETHING has to be done," declared Mrs. Haskins, compressing her lips and settling back in her chair with a most determined air. "Why, one would think we

were a lot of mummies, the way we have vegetated here this winter. There hasn't been a thing excepting that New Year's party at the Forsythe's, and you know what a dismal affair that was."

Miss Payne winced slightly. She certainly did know what a dismal affair the Forsythe party had been—for her, more than for anyone else. She was quite sure that Tom didn't care at all, and that he was glad that their little misunderstanding had occurred and freed him from an engagement that was disagreeable to him. But she didn't speak of this to Mrs. Haskins, although she knew that little person was fully aware of the late unpleasantness, and was taking a fiendish delight in making delicate reference to subjects calculated to remind her friend of it. Miss Payne only assented, with a little nod and a half-articulate murmur, and Mrs. Haskins went on:

"Now, let's not sit and talk about it, merely, but let's do something. Of course, we can't celebrate Washington's Birthday without a costume affair. Suppose we have a sleighing party, to wind up at The Hills with a supper and dance, with everyone in revolutionary costume. And, oh!" the malicious little wretch went on, enthusiastically, "you and Mr. Enright shall be Martha and George, and lead the minuet—a regular 18th century minuet."

"No, I'd rather not," interrupted Miss Payne, in a half-stifled voice. "I don't—really, I'd rather not take such a prominent part."

"Nonsense, child!" chirped Mrs. Haskins, cheerfully. "You'll make a perfectly lovely Martha, and Tom Enright can be so stately and dignified when he chooses—and, besides, he's one of the very few men in town who can afford to be seen in short trousers."

And the little woman went on to outline her plans for the celebration, ignoring Gladys' all-too-apparent misery, and the poor girl's efforts to decline the unwelcome honor she proposed to thrust upon her.

"I won't! I can't!" Gladys declared to herself, passionately, as she hurried down the gravelled pathway of the Haskins' place. "I'd rather die, indeed I would, and still I couldn't explain it to her, even if she does know already—the spiteful wretch! I hope he'll manage to decline, though."

But Mr. Enright did nothing of the kind. In fact, he had felt for some time as though he would give anything on earth for an opportunity to speak to Gladys and tell her how sorry he was for the way he had acted over her dancing with Neville three times at the Forsythe party—the fact being, however, that he really had just cause for being jealous and indignant, and that Gladys was the one from whom the apology was due. So, when Mrs. Haskins broached her plans to him, she was rather taken aback at the alacrity with which he consented to impersonate the Father of His Country, for she had anticipated her usual keen enjoyment in probing another's wound.

"The Hills" was a little summer ho-

tel situated in a pleasant valley about ten miles from Millston, and, although closed to the general public through the winter, was the scene of occasional festivities inaugurated by Millston people. It had a delightful ball-room, and, better yet, the couple who had charge of the premises from season to season were phenomenal caterers.

The 22d of February came, and the morning ushered in delightful weather, which, together with a recent snowfall, combined to make it an ideal day for sleighing. Most of the merry-makers gathered at Mrs. Haskins' house in the afternoon, and Enright looked eagerly for Gladys, hoping, yet half afraid, that she would be a member of the same party as himself—and when he saw her go by, flushed and happy-looking, in young Neville's cutter, alone with that most objectionable youth, he was very bitter, and was almost ready to give up going. But he didn't. Instead, he devoted himself most assiduously to a certain Miss Glazer, much to her gratification and the mystification of several of the others, who were not aware of his disagreement with Gladys.

There had been a change of programme, which involved dinner at The Hills, more sleighing, then some Washington tableaux, and the ball, and Enright and his ex-fiancee met at dinner—thanks to Mrs. Haskins, who, following her usual malicious tactics, had so managed as to seat them next to each other.

"I hope," quietly said Enright, with polite gravity, just after the soup was served—"I hope, Miss Payne, that you do not think this meeting one of my seeking. I would have avoided it had it been possible to do so."

"Pray don't be distressed, Mr. Enright," replied the girl, icily. "We are quite agreed on that point; so, perhaps, the less said the better."

Thenceforward, throughout the meal, Enright directed his conversation elsewhere, savagely noting, however, the feverish gayety and apparent

turned away. He was quite positive of it now—he was altogether certain that of all the cold-hearted girls in the world, Gladys Payne was the worst. But he watched her (for his party passed and was passed in turn by the Neville cutter several times) just the same, and he was almost willing to swear that he once saw Neville kiss the girl just after they entered the shadow of the pines on the hillside. He was almost right, too, for Neville did attempt to kiss her, but was good-naturedly repulsed. It had not come to that point with Gladys, although, to be sure, Tom couldn't but think so, and it maddened him almost to desperation to have to sit quietly and chatter small talk to little Miss Glazer—who, by the way, was enjoying his attentions immensely. So after they had returned to the hotel, he proceeded to make a fool of himself. Meeting Neville in the men's dressing room he hissed between his clenched teeth:

"I'll have it out with you for this, Mr. Neville."

"For what?" queried that gentleman, in his most urbane manner.

"You know, sir. Your attentions to Miss Payne are—"

"Ah, indeed," quote Mr. Neville, sneeringly. "If Miss Payne prefers my attentions to yours, it is her privilege, I believe," and he turned away with a look of supreme contempt at his jealous rival, who clenched his fists and looked, for an instant, as if he would use them, but wisely thought better of it, and walked in the other direction.

He walked straight into the presence of Mrs. Haskins, to whom he declared his intentions of refusing utterly to take any part in the tableaux or the subsequent proceedings, and to that lady's protest that it was childish he answered that such might be the case, but that he could not, in justice to himself, take part with Miss Payne in anything, and that he was going home immediately. He knew that he had mortally offended Mrs. Haskins, but that

her from her apathy. It was too late, she thought, to escape by the door—the smoke was almost suffocating her even with the door closed—and she rushed to the window, threw it open and lifted her voice in that wild cry:

"Tom!"

What did he care for flames and smoke, or for any kind of danger, with that cry ringing in his ears? With one bound he was inside the door, and though half-blinded before he had half reached the upper hall, groped onward, trying door after door, until, at last, he found her, and she fainted in his arms. How he ever got her safely out he never knew, but got her out he did, and when she opened her eyes, half an hour later, it was to find herself on the sofa in a near-by farmhouse, with Tom's arms about her and Tom's kisses raining on her face.

"Darling!" she whispered, "do you think you can forgive me?"

"My sweetest Martha," he answered, smilingly, "I cannot tell a lie—you know I do."

She lifted her face to be kissed.

"Is the surrender unconditional?" asked Tom, presently.

"Yes, dear."

"Then," he said, proudly straightening his broad shoulders, "I have made a conquest of which the Father of His Country might be jealous—and we're much obliged, after all, aren't we to Mrs. Haskins? For, if she hadn't cast us for Martha and George, we might not—"

"Oh, yes, we would—anything but making up, for us, would be impossible, you know," she interrupted, confidently.

LESTER KETCHUM.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

What Ought to Be Done for the Better Observance of This National Holiday.

Everything is done, nowadays, by committee; and there ought to be a committee appointed to devise some better and altogether suitable method for observing this national holiday. It was really more appropriately observed in the days before it became so general than it is now. In the early days it was customary for the people to assemble and listen to the reading of that magnificent utterance, Washington's farewell address—an address which signaled one of the most important events in the history, not of this country alone, but of the world. It was the first time in history when a man elevated by the will of the people to the highest position, and who might have extended his powers almost at his own will, calmly abandoned power and retired to private life. It was a grand and ennobling spectacle, one for which the world furnishes no parallel; and it ought at least once in each year to be recalled to the people of the country that was so peculiarly blessed. It ought especially to be recalled to the rising generation which has great need of such an object lesson to assure itself that officeholding is not necessarily the greedy thing which they have found it in their experience.

If the people of the United States have any just ground for pride they have it in the life and career of Washington; and if any name deserves the reverent remembrance of every patriotic person in the country it is his. It is not enough that on his birthday anniversary we have a perfunctory parade and a partisan banquet.—Detroit Free Press.

George Washington Rewarded.

As the 22d of February was drawing near, a public school-teacher, whose pupils are about nine or ten years of age, determined to find out how many of them had ever heard the famous cherry tree story. She herself had been brought up on it, so to speak, but had an idea that it had fallen into "innocuous desuetude" of late years. She was not surprised, therefore, when only two hands were raised.

"Well, Tom, you may tell it," said the teacher.

"I don't know it all," Tom began, "but George Washington never told a lie."

Here the other boy almost dismembered himself in attracting the teacher's attention, and finally was permitted to tell all he knew, which he did thus:

"When George Washington was a little boy his father gave him a new hatchet, and George went out to chop something. There was a nice young cherry tree, and George chopped into that. When his father saw the tree he called George, and said:

"George, did you cut that tree?"

"Yes, father, I did; I cannot tell a lie." And his father gave him a Waterbury watch!"—Youth's Companion.

Record of His Birth.

Washington's birth is recorded in the family Bible as having taken place on "ye 11th day of February, 1732." This was before the adoption of the modern calendar by England, and this day was observed by Washington as his birthday until his 20th year.

Who Knows?

I wonder if George Washington, when he was nine years old, turned out his toes and brushed his hair and always shut the door with care and did as he was told.

I wonder if he never said:

"Oh dear!" when he was sent to bed.

—Anna M. Pratt, in Youth's Companion.

—The saddest failures in life are those that come from not putting forth the power and will to succeed.—E. P. Whipple.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Policies Not Invalidated.

A great furor was recently created in insurance circles by an opinion of Attorney-General Maynard to the effect that cooperative insurance companies organized in other states which agreed in their contracts to issue full-paid or endowment policies could not legally do business in this state. It was said the ruling would exclude a large number of companies from the state and annul thousands of policies. Insurance Commissioner Giddings has ruled that not one of the companies would be excluded.

Dairymen Elect Officers.

The Michigan Dairymen's association in annual session at Lansing elected the following officers: President, James N. McBride, Owosso; vice president, E. A. Havens, Bloomington; secretary and treasurer, S. J. Wilson, Flint. Resolutions were adopted commending the work of the state dairy and food commission, and providing for the appointment of a legislative committee of one member from each county to see that only persons favorable to the dairy interests find their way to the legislature.

Looted the Safe.

The offices of W. H. Moyer, wholesale cigar dealer at Traverse City, were entered at ten o'clock at night by two robbers. Moyer was bound and gagged and the thieves looted the safe of \$4,700. There was no clew to the identity of the men. They tied Moyer to a chair and threatened him with revolvers if he made a noise. He remained bound and gagged all night and was found at eight o'clock in the morning.

Girl Traded for Half a Hog.

A German farmer in Oceana county traded one of his daughters to a neighbor's son for half a hog, which weighed 165 pounds. As the girl was a heavy weight, it was a "pound for pound trade." The young groom and his purchased wife are living happily together. This fond father has six more daughters, one weighing 200 pounds. It is said that she ought to bring a whole hog.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended February 8 reports sent in by 51 observers in various portions of the state indicated that no disease was noticeably more or less than usually prevalent. Consumption was reported at 243 places, typhoid fever at 24, diphtheria at 30, scarlet fever at 35, measles at 16, whooping cough at 17 and smallpox at Detroit, Saginaw and Riga township.

Michigan Crop Report.

The official crop report for February says that January weather was fairly favorable for wheat. While the ground was not covered with snow all the time, the temperature ranged high when it was bare and no material damage was done. The condition of live stock ranges from 92 to 97 per cent., comparison being with stock in good, healthy and thrifty condition.

Domestic Sues for Slander.

Miss Ida Hewitt, a domestic, has brought suit against her former employer, Alvin Morley, a wealthy fruit-grower, at Benton Harbor, for \$10,000 damages for slander. The defendant accused the girl of stealing various articles from his house. He was trying to settle the case out of court, but without avail.

After British Gold.

The Menominee and Marinette Hydraulic Gold Mining company was organized in Menominee with a stock capitalization of \$300,000, all paid in. The new company possesses valuable gravel banks on the Fraser river, British Columbia, in the Cariboo gold district.

Brief News Items.

The sporting fraternity of Kalamazoo witnessed a fight between a bulldog and badger, won by the latter.

The body of Elijah Buland, of Gobleville, who had been missing for several days, was found in a vacant barn.

William Kuttke, of Menominee, who murdered his wife last Thanksgiving, has been sentenced to life imprisonment.

Mrs. William Haldane, a resident of Grand Rapids for nearly 60 years, died at her home. Her husband, who survives her, was the first manufacturer of furniture in that city.

Steps have been taken for the consolidation of the Huron, Isle Royal, Portage, Sheldon and Columbian copper mines near Houghton. These mines have been idle for several years.

Rev. Job Pierson, D. D., aged 72, died very suddenly at his residence in Stanton.

The Grand Rapids city council voted to issue \$150,000 in bonds for the erection of a municipal electric light plant.

L. B. Johnson, formerly sheriff of Branch county, died at his home in Coldwater, aged 60 years.

The Michigan Agricultural college board elected Prof. J. L. Snyder, of Allegheny, Pa., president of the institution.

Mrs. Elizabeth Eldred died at her home in Coldwater at the extreme age of 93 years.

Rev. William P. Jackson, aged 92 years, died at his home in Pontiac.

The man who caused the trouble at Davidson's shipyard in Bay City was discharged and the strike declared off.



"I BEG YOUR PARDON," SHE SAID.

Do You Make Your Own Carpets?

If so, you want them bright and pretty. The best dyes must be used to obtain this result. Don't bother any longer with butternut and sumach, but dispense with such old-fashioned methods and color your rugs every color of the rainbow by using dyes which you can recommend. We have dyes that will give every desired shade from the brightest scarlet to the deepest black. Whether you color cotton or woolen, lace or rugs, buy our dyes and save labor and money.

Our Prices Sure to Please.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

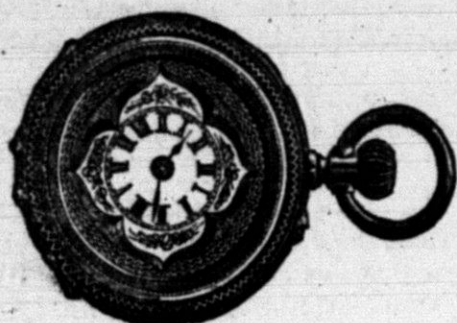
What Do You Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

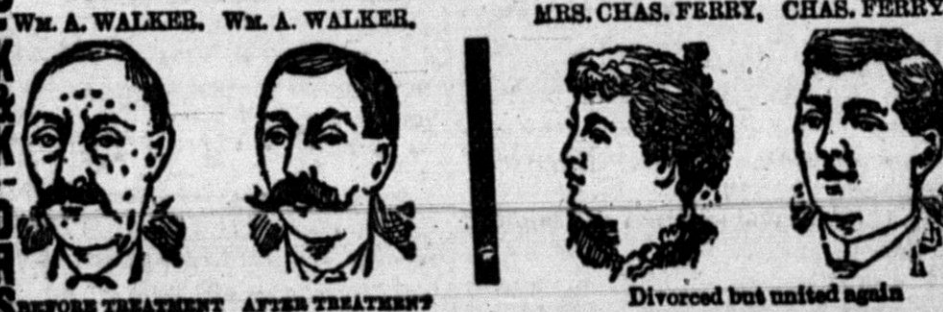
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SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH

LATER EXCESSES IN MANHOOD
MAKE NERVOUS, DISEASED MEN

THE RESULT of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach matrimony but find no solace or comfort there. The victims are found in all stations of life—The farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions.

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRS. K. & K.



BEFORE TREATMENT AFTER TREATMENT

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

SYPHILIS EMISSIONS STRICTURE CURED

Their New Method Treatment cured me in a few weeks. Their treatment is wonderful. You feel yourself gaining every day. I have never heard of their failing to cure in a single case.

CURES GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED

Capt. Chas. Ferry says: "I owe my life to Drs. K. & K. At 14 I learned a bad habit. At 21 I had all the symptoms of Venereal Weakness and Emission. I was drained and weakened my vitality. I married at 24 under advice of my family doctor, but it was a sad experience. In eighteen months we were divorced. I then consulted Drs. K. & K., who restored me to manhood by their New Method Treatment. I felt a new life thrill through my nerves. We were united again and are happy. This was six years ago. Drs. K. & K. are specialists and I heartily recommend them."

We treat and cure Varicocle, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Glut, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT, 200,000 CURED. NO RISK

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclosure postage, 3 cents. Sealed.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

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K&K=DRS. K&K=DRS. K&K=DRS. K&K=DRS.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Lent began yesterday.
Mr. John Burns, Sr., of Sylvan, is dangerously ill.
Mrs. Timothy McKune, who has been quite ill, is better.
Miss Minnie Davis visited relatives in Detroit this week.
Dr. Twitchell and wife were Ann Arbor visitors last Friday.
Mrs. Maria Howe is visiting relatives and friends in Detroit.
Chas. Blach, of Salem, was the guest of relatives here this week.
Louis Emmer has sold his carriage horse to a Detroit party.
F. B. Whitaker is the guest of his brother, C. E. Whitaker.
Mr. Edward McKune is now working for J. J. Rastrey, the tailor.
Born, Thursday, Feb. 13, 1896, to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hoeffer, a son.
The Congregational Sunday School had a sleigh ride Monday afternoon.
Miss Agnes Winters, of Jackson, was the guest of relatives here this week.
Mrs. H. H. Fenn spent Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. E. J. Foster, of Grass Lake.
Mr. and Mrs. V. Stover are the guests of Mrs. Stover's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Irwin.
Wm. Blach, of Cleveland, was called here this week by the serious illness of his father.
The Chelsea Electric Light Company is having the foundation laid for their new engine.
Mr. Charles E. Whitaker, who has been suffering from tonsillitis, will be out in a day or two.
Mrs. Arthur Walker, of Detroit, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hudler, of East Middle street.
Mrs. John Schefferstein fell on the sidewalk in front of the Durand & Hatch block last Monday and fractured her arm.
Next Sunday, Feb. 23, 1896, the annual collection for the propagation of the faith will be taken up in St. Mary's church, Chelsea.
The box social given by the ladies of St. Paul's church last Monday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sager netted about \$23.
Services at the Congregational church next Sunday: Morning sermon on "The Perils of Commercialism"; evening sermon on "The Eternal Issues of Life."

Frank Staffan & Son, our hustling ice dealers, are having grand success with their refrigerator scheme. They sold 22 last week. See their "ad" in another column.
Miss Margaret Cassidy, who left recently for South Bend, Ind., accompanied by Miss Rose Cassidy and Dr. Cassidy, is improving in health. Miss Rose Cassidy has returned home.

C. W. Maroney, contractor and builder, seems to be picking up all the jobs in this vicinity. He already has the contracts for building four new houses, and is figuring on as many more.
At the regular meeting of the W. R. C. resolutions were passed by a unanimous vote thanking Capt. E. P. Allen for his kindness in assisting to make the entertainment of Feb. 11 a complete success.

The last of the series of men's meetings will be held in the Congregational church Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, and will be addressed by Dr. Holmes. The use of tickets will be discontinued, and a free invitation is extended to all men and boys to be present.

Died, at his home on South Main street, Monday night, Feb. 17, 1896, Mr. Charles Helmrich, aged about 71 years. The funeral was held this morning from the house and the remains interred in Oak Grove cemetery. Deceased was an old and highly respected pioneer of this village.

The county Sunday school convention will be held in the Congregational church Tuesday and Wednesday, March 17 and 18. The opening session will be on the evening of Tuesday, and the chief feature will be an address by Dr. Ryan, of Ypsilanti. Wednesday evening there will be an address by Captain Allen, of Ypsilanti. A committee consisting of one from each of the churches will be appointed to make all necessary arrangements.

The blessing and distribution of the Ashes took place in St. Mary's church at 9 a. m. on Ash Wednesday in the presence of a large congregation, the Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. Special services, consisting of the beautiful devotion, "The Way of the Cross," followed by Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament will be held in St. Mary's church every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock during Lent. The entire congregation will sing the "Stabat Mater" to English words.

A Sonnet, or Something Like.

"Your birthday party" did you say? Well, who is "Your" anyway? It's somebody popular and new Has come to town since we withdrew.
Why to us do they send a bag? Within is nothing—not even a rag; Yet its colors fair—red, white and blue— Shall ever shine loyal and true.
So our hearts are touched by this device, And we gladly return it full of rice; But lest in its journey on the road Some hungry man the bag unload,
And you, kind friends, think us unkind, Because, forsooth, you nothing find, Some "filthy lucre" we will add, Which hath a root to make all glad.
Please make our names forever shine Like stars of morn upon your (clothes) line.
Then while your monument still stands Amidst the fairest of fair lands,
On Chelsea's own, her native soil, Where brave men fought, who toil To make our Union still abide— To mark a place for those who died.
And women, too, as good as gold, Shall look upon the shaft so cold, And feel a thrill of truest joy Because we helped with our alloy.
Right here my wife saith—not in fun— That this should close ere it begun. The effort has my nerves undone, So closeth here my little pun.
The bag, ah yes, 'tis like a maid Whose heart is easy re(ard) by one afraid. The white is what the man would be If she to him will but agree.
The blue(s)—ah, that he doth not lack If she to him refuse a generous snack.
O. C. B.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

A. O. Barnes, Moore Park, anti-friction bearing; C. N. Choate, Greenville, seed bag; J. Desmond, Detroit, injector; A. Dadds, Grand Rapids, bicycle saddle; L. A. Henze, Detroit, malt drier; H. H. Norrington, West Bay City, apparatus for lighting buildings; A. O. Sjolholm, Ne-gaunee, combined miner's tool and candlestick; T. J. Sweeney, Detroit, injector; C. M. Walker, Adrian, pencil sharpener; A. R. Welch, Chelsea, wick raising or lowering device.

The Personal Side of Washington.

General A. W. Greely, of Arctic fame, begins in the March Ladies' Home Journal his articles on George Washington, which are expected to create considerable discussion. General Greely has read over 2,000 of Washington's private letters, and he writes in a frank, unbiased way of the personal side of Washington. His first article will deal with the loves and courtships of Washington and his final marriage with the widow Custis. General Greely's articles are not likely to confirm the estimate of those who regard Washington in an ideal way. But they are truthful and admirably portray the man as he was—in reality.

If You Want to be Loved.

Don't find fault.
Don't believe all the evil you hear.
Don't be rude to your inferiors in social position.
Don't go untidy on the plea that everybody knows you.
Don't repeat gossip even if it does interest a crowd.
Don't underrate anything because you don't possess it.
Don't contradict people even if you are sure you are right.
Don't believe that everyone else is happier than you.
Don't conclude that you have never had any opportunities in life.
Don't be inquisitive about the affairs of even your most intimate friends.
Don't get in the habit of vulgarizing life by making light sentiment of it.
Don't express a positive opinion unless you perfectly understand what you are talking about.

A Matter of Opinion.

A gentleman was greatly surprised and pleased the other day at the reply a lady gave to the question: "Do you plant Vick's seeds?" Her answer was: "I always plant Vick's seeds in the front yard, but we get cheap seeds in the back yard, which I know is a mistake."
It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1896. This amount may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

It Is

- A -

Fish Story,

But it is one out of a dozen that is reliable.

We are prepared to quote you the lowest prices on all kinds of

Salt Fish, Smoked Fish AND Canned Fish.

We have a large and well assorted stock of these goods and guarantee every pound we sell to be satisfactory in every respect, or money refunded.

FREEMAN'S.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT, Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. McCOLGAN, Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear and throat.
Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON, Veterinary Surgeon.

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER, Attorney at Law and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt attention.
Office in the Turnbull & Wilkins Building, Chelsea, Mich.

Embroidery, White-goods and Linen Sale.

We have just received a large shipment of new white goods, embroideries and linens of all kinds that we shall make sale prices on. We meet the prices on these goods will be such as will move them off in a hurry and being trade for other departments.

We Offer:

25 pieces embroidery, assorted patterns, open work edge, worth 20 cents, your choice at 15 cents.
5 pieces of heavy worked, good embroidery, 6 to 9 inches wide, regular and 25 cent goods, your choice for 15 cents.
A large lot of remnants of embroidery, some slightly soiled, at very low prices; some at about half price.
All Torcheon and underwear laces at "sale prices."
A large lot of new white goods, Nainsook, Dimitys, Dotted Swiss, etc., just opened. These all go at "sale prices."
Every piece of linen in our stock is put into this sale at special prices. Everyone knows that we offer some especially good linens at low prices in our "linen sales."
We shall offer for this sale 3 pieces all-linen damask worth 35 cents for 25 cents, 5 pieces all-linen damask worth 45 cents for only 35 cents, pieces best 50-cent German linen damask for only 49 cents.
All better linens greatly reduced in prices for this sale.
All napkins at "sale prices." Ask to see our towels at reduced prices.
We have just opened a large lot of new Percales in light and dark colors. Ask to see them.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

NEW HOME!

OPEN TO-DAY,
NECKEL BROS'.
BAKERY.

Give Us a Call, Caspary's old Stand, Opposite Town Hall.

Bakery & Confectionery.



GEO. E. DAVIS,
Everybody's
Auctioneer.
Headquarters
at
HERALD OFFICE.
Auction Bills furnish-
ed Free.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY.

We put new neckbands on old shirts and make them nearly as good as new for only 10 cents each.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY.

FRANK SHAVER,
Proprietor of the
City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms
Babcock building, N. Main St.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Giltbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Hibbard Opera House, JACKSON.

WALDRON & TODD Managers.

Matinee and Night—Matinee at 2:30.
GRAND HOLIDAY ATTRACTION
WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.
Saturday, February 22.

"A play in which human interest outweighs everything else."—New York Telegram.
James A. Herne's Beautiful Play,
"SHORE ACRES."
New Scenery and Novel Mechanical Effects.

PRICES—Matinee, 25 and 50 cents. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.
A 30-page illustrated book of "Shore Acres" will be mailed to any one on receipt of 2 cents in stamps.
Coming soon: "1492," with the original New York cast. Living Pictures, etc.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.
GEO. EDER, Prop.

Here and There.

Yesterday was Ash Wednesday.
Miss Ida Keush spent Sunday in Manchester.
Mrs. Merch Brooks is visiting friends in Saginaw.
Edna and Harold Glazier spent Sunday in Detroit.
H. H. Fenn was in Detroit last Monday on business.
Miss Maggie Lusty has returned home from Bay City.
C. E. Whitaker is confined to the house with a bad cold.
Jas. H. Runciman has been on the sick list the past week.
Last Sunday night was probably the coldest of the season.
Frank Judson has shipped over 5,000 sheep since December.
The outlook is good for a good crop of wheat the coming year.
Bert Foster, of Grass Lake, was a Chelsea visitor last Friday.
Fred Seid, of Francisco, was the guest of Chelsea friends last Monday.
If you want a refrigerator for next to nothing consult Frank Staffan & Son.
About fifteen couples from this village attended the dance at Dexter last Friday night.
Americans drank thirty-three million barrels of beer last year, and yet it was a dry season.
The H. S. Holmes Mercantile Company are having the interior of their dry goods store repainted.
A regular meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held next Wednesday evening, Feb. 26.
Last Monday John Sharp, of Jackson, took charge of the Standard Oil Company's business at this place.
The United States raises more tobacco than any other country on the globe. British India comes next, producing nearly as much.
The scientific think-tanks of the world are being drained to account for the new photography that takes pictures through barn doors and finds bullets in human bodies.
A meeting of the teachers' association will be held at the high school building, Saline, Saturday, Feb. 29. A fine program has been arranged for both the morning and afternoon session.
The senior class of the Chelsea High School will hold a social at the home of Emil Zinke next Friday evening, Feb. 21. All those wishing to attend will meet at the Baptist church at 7 o'clock p. m.
The Livingston Herald says the people of Shiawassee county have sat down heavy on local option. They evidently do not believe in drooping limbs of a tree that send out a multiplied number of worse shoots than its original limb.
The Democratic state central committee will meet in Detroit February 25 next to fix the time and place for holding the Democratic state convention for the selection of delegates at large to the Democratic national convention in Chicago next July.
If you want some good sound reading you can get the following: Century, Frank Leslie's, Review of Reviews, Munsey's, Godey's, Metropolitan, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, and other periodicals. Now for sale by A. E. Winans. Subscriptions taken for all magazines and newspapers.
Neckel Bros. have rented Wm. Caspary's bakery and will open the same to the public to-day. They have repainted and decorated the interior and made many improvements about the place. They will keep on hand a full line of cakes and bread, also candies. Give them a call when in need of anything in that line. See "ad" in another column.
From the Ann Arbor Argus: "The Anneke-Jans cranks, who think they have a legal claim to Trinity Church in New York from chance rail to entrance hall, met at Cleveland last week, and like a new woman's meeting there was a good scrap on before the session closed. L. A. Guerinéau, of Terre Haute, Ind., was chairman until Wednesday, when, probably because in his veins the Jans blood was said to prevail over the Anneke blood, the most of the heirs being Annekes of course, the delegates got after him and elected another chairman, one Bailey, of Sioux Falls, S. D. When Bailey attempted to take the chair, Guerinéau gave the article of furniture to him in a very forcible manner, and not entirely according to parliamentary law. Bailey threw the belligerent ex-chairman off the platform, and the delegates celebrated the victory by voting \$1,000 stock for pushing the claims of their chimerical estate."

Lima Beans.

Mrs. Geo. Perry is quite ill with pneumonia.
Lewis Freer has been quite ill, but at last reports is improving.
Edward Grau left for Yale Tuesday morning, where he has a position.
C. R. Smith and wife drove to Lansing last Saturday. They intend to visit Mr. Smith's sister.
The dance at the town hall was quite well attended last Friday evening. All report a good time.

Health Gossip.

The fumes of turpentine are said to relieve the worst paroxysms of whooping-cough.
A lamp of sugar saturated with vinegar is highly recommended as a remedy for hiccup.
The foreman of a factory employing 3,000 men says that in pleasant weather they turn out 10 per cent more work than when it is stormy or otherwise disagreeable.
The man whose motto is "a short life and a merry one," and who takes no care of his health, will find that there is no merriment in a broken-down body and unstrung nerves.
The eyes will bear a high temperature up to a certain limit, but above that the difference is very marked. For instance, workers in smelting houses can look at the molten metal without trouble until it reaches 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit, but above that they are obliged to wear colored glasses.
A Hungarian hygienist has been collecting statistics in regard to the life of dwellers on certain levels. He finds that those whose occupations or poverty require them to live in cellars die first, as might readily be supposed; next come those who live on the third or fourth floor; next those on the ground floor, while the tenants of the first or second floors enjoy the longest period of existence. The purer air of the upper stories is overbalanced by the exertion of climbing the stairs, the average being a little over two years earlier death.

Auction.

Having sold my farm, I will sell at public auction, on the premises, 1½ miles southwest of Chelsea, formerly known as the Tip Wallace farm, on Tuesday, March 3, 1896, commencing at 10 a. m., the following property, viz:
Three good horses, 5, 6 and 7 years old, and 2 3-year-old colts well broken; 5 cows, 2 are new milch and 3 coming in in the spring, 2 of them are half-blood Jerseys, and all good ones; 2 steers coming 2 years old in the spring, also 1 heifer same age, 1 bull calf coming one year old in the spring, 2 heifer calves 9 months old, 65 ewes in lamb by thoroughbred coarse wool buck, 2 good shoats, 80 chickens, 1 lumber wagon, 1 platform spring buggy, 2 single carriages, 1 wheel cultivator, new; 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 70-tooth drag, 2 single cultivators, 2 good plows, 1 Deering binder, 1 wabble gear Champion mower, 1 feed cutter and horse power, 1 fanning mill, 1 grindstone, 1 cauldron kettle, 1 hay rack, 1 double harness, 1 single harness, one-half bay of bean pods, a quantity of hay and corn stalks, 7 or 8 bushels of seed beans, 4 bushels seed corn, 300 bushels corn, 100 bushels oats, 3 bushels buckwheat, 80 bushels potatoes, 1 clover seed sower, 1 wool box, 1 25-foot ladder, forks, cradles, scythes, hoes, chains, etc., together with the whole of my household furniture.
Terms of sale: All sums of \$5 or under cash down, all sums over \$5 one year's time on good approved endorsed bankable paper at 6 per cent interest.
Everything advertised will go to the highest bidder, and the terms must be complied with. All property must be settled for before leaving the ground.
Lunch at noon.
Mrs. KATE BAUER.
GEO. E. DAVIS, Salesman.
Karl's Clover Root will purify your blood, clear your complexion, regulate your bowels and makes your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whi-key or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at F. P. Glazier and Co's Drug Store.

FISH!

Largest Stock!
Lowest Prices!

The Lenten season is now at hand, and you should begin to look around and see where you can get the

Best Goods for the Least Money.

We claim our stock is the most complete ever shown in Chelsea, and can save you money on every dollar's worth of fish you buy.
Every pound of fish put out by us will be guaranteed.

Trout

In 10-pound pails, two sizes.

Whitefish.

These we have by the pound or in 10, 20 and 40 pound kegs.

Our list of 10-pound packages.

No. 1 whitefish, family whitefish, No. 1 mackerel, No. 2 mackerel, No. 1 trout, siscos, Holland herring, etc.

Don't buy until you get our prices.

New codfish, dried herring, halibut, Finnan haddie; also a complete line of canned fish.

Extra low prices to users of 35, 50 and 100 pound kegs.
Have you tried our Reception Flakes, put up in 1 pound packages? Also fresh Graham Wafers.

J. W. Beissel.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:
Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

Carriage Painting and Upholstering.

We have opened a shop over Staffan's carriage emporium, just north of Chelsea House, and are prepared to do all kinds of carriage and cutter painting and upholstering. If you have any furniture that needs upholstering bring it to us. Prices right.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

Ladies

If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.25 to us

WE WILL SEND YOU POSTPAID

The "Gresco"

It cannot break at the Side or Waist
Color: DRAB or WHITE

LONG, SHORT and MEDIUM LENGTH

THE MICHIGAN CORSET CO.,
JACKSON, MICH.



Scientific American Agency for
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CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

A STATISTICAL person who says he has carefully investigated the subject says that, with the exception of William Henry Harrison, all the presidents of the United States have had blue eyes.

DR. A. GRAHAM BELL describes in the current issue of the Progress of the World a device by which he transmits sounds and ordinary conversation along a sunbeam, in the same way that one now uses a telephone wire.

A FASHIONABLE photographer in London hung out the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes side by side during the recent "war scare." The edges nearest to each other were bound together by a broad blue ribbon.

THE Missouri river has not been closed this year and it is not likely to be. Forty years ago such a thing as the river remaining open all winter was unknown, and even 15 or 20 years ago it invariably closed in December. During the last four years the river has been closed but once.

THE Hebrew Standard referring to the Judaizing of people outside of the Jewish pale, has this to say: "We do not care for making proselytes, because we believe that a good man of any denomination has a share in the world to come. The Jews do not claim that they have a special mortgage on Heaven."

A NEW fish was recently caught near the Pribiloff islands, at a depth of 1,700 fathoms. The fish is 26 inches long and weighs between eight and nine pounds. Its head is very flat; its tail dwindles to a point like a snake's, and notwithstanding the great depth at which it lives, it is provided with a pair of large eyes.

PILLSBURY, the famous American chess player, has to exercise the utmost care in habits of life and methods of diet to maintain the control of his nervous system. For some time now he has confined himself to one small plate of meat a day, has abandoned every form of drink except milk, and has become most abstemious in the use of tobacco.

It is estimated that diamonds become phosphorescent in the dark after exposure to the sunlight or electric light, and when rubbed on wool, cloth or metal. This is an important property, as it enables the amateur to distinguish between paste and real. This property is not electric, as is clearly shown by its being visible when the gem is rubbed on metal.

A FOLDING opera glass is described in Invention. It is planned somewhat on the idea of the little folding botanical magnifiers, and is formed of a flat stem with thumb screw extension, and two cross-pieces, each holding two lenses, and each hinged so as to be capable of folding down at right angles flat upon the stem. The glasses will go in an ordinary card case.

THE ravages of the star fish throughout the oyster farms of Connecticut are the severest this year that they have been for some time. Henry C. Rowe, president of the State Oystermen's association, in speaking of the business recently, said that the growers had suffered immensely from the star fish during the present season. Personally, he says, he has expended \$8,000 in the last few months to check the ravages, but to no avail.

A. KRUGER, of Phoenixville, Pa., a cousin of President Kruger, of the Transvaal republic, denies the story that Paul Kruger or his parents ever lived in America. The president's parents, he says, were born and lived all their lives a few miles from The Hague, in Holland, never having been outside their native country. Their son, who is now president of the South African republic, left Holland about fifty years ago when but a boy, and went direct to South Africa, where he has since lived.

STATE pride is playing an important part in the building of the new state capitol at Olympia, Wash. No material except that produced in the state is used in its construction. In the matter of lumber, for whatever purpose, only such as grown in Washington is to be used. There was considerable fuss a few days ago over the allegation that some eastern oak was to be used for certain parts of the building. The governor hastened to assure the agitated people of the state that the rumor was unfounded.

THE lack of snow in Maine this winter drove one man insane and he is now in the state insane hospital. He was a prosperous lumber merchant of Sangerville. Last fall he took large contracts for the cutting and delivery of lumber. He had the lumber cut, but because there was no snow, an unexpected and most unusual contingency, he could not deliver it. He had expended large sums of money and became involved because of not being able to make collections. Disappointment and anxiety drove him insane.

WITH AN IRON HAND.

Gen. Weyler Issues Three Rigorous Proclamations.

In Effect He Establishes a Military Despotism Over Unhappy Cuba—A Synopsis of the Severe Documents.

Havana, Feb. 17.—Gen. Weyler issued three proclamations on Sunday. A synopsis of the first is as follows:

It warns all honest inhabitants of Cuba and those loyal to the Spanish cause, that they must conform to the laws; commands "all inhabitants of the district of Sancti Spiritus and the province of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba to concentrate in places which are the headquarters of a division, a brigade, a column, or a troop, and to be provided with documentary proof of identity within eight days of the publication of this proclamation in the municipalities.

"To travel in the country in the radius covered by the columns in operation it is absolutely indispensable to have a pass from the mayor, military commanders, or chiefs of detachments. Any one lacking this will be detained and sent to headquarters of divisions or brigades and thence to Havana, at my disposition, by the first possible means. Even if a pass is exhibited which is suspected as not authentic or granted by authority to persons with known sympathies toward the rebellion, or who show favor thereto, rigorous measures will be taken upon those responsible.

"All owners of commercial establishments in the country districts will vacate them, and the chiefs of columns will take such measures as the success of their operations dictates regarding such places, which, while useless for the country's wealth, serve the enemy as hiding places in the woods and in the interior.

"All passes hitherto issued hereby become null and void."

The second proclamation is practically as follows:

Prisoners caught in action will be subjected to the most summary trial, without any other investigation, except that indispensable for the subjects of the trial. Spanish soldiers only are provided as judges in such trials. When the sentence is pronounced, if the sentence be deprivation of liberty, the culprit shall be brought to Havana with the papers in the case, so that the testimony can be referred to regarding the penalty and the sentence be carried into effect. Gen. Weyler reserves the right of promoting and sustaining all questions of competence with other jurisdictions, as also with military, and to determine prohibitions in all kinds of military processes in the territory of the island. He reserves likewise the faculty of assuming an inquiry into all cases when it is deemed convenient. The proclamation continues: "No sentence of death shall be carried into effect without the acknowledgment under my authority of the testimony of the judgment, which must be sent to me immediately, except when no means of communication exists or when it is a case of insult to superiors or of military sedition, in which case sentence will be carried out and the information furnished to me afterwards."

A synopsis of the third proclamation is as follows:

"I make known that, taking advantage of the temporary insecurity of communication between the district capitals and the rest of the provinces, notices which convey uneasiness and alarm are invented and propagated, and some persons, more daring still, have taken advantage of this to draw the deluded and the ignorant to the rebel ranks. I am determined to have the laws obeyed and to make known by special means the dispositions ruling and frequently applied during such times as the present, and to make clear how far certain points go in adapting them to the exigencies of war and in the use of the faculties conceded to me by No. 12, article 7 of the code of military justice, and by the law of public order of April 23, 1870. And I make known, order, and command that the following cases are subject to military law, amongst others specified by the law:

"Those who invent or propagate by any means notices or assertions favorable to the rebellion, whenever such notices facilitate the enemy's operations; those who destroy or damage railroad lines, telegraph, or telephone wires, or apparatus connected therewith, or those who interrupt communication by breaking down bridges or destroying highways; incendiaries in town or country, or those who cause damage as shown in Cap. 8 article 13, volume 2 of the penal code ruling in Cuba; those who sell, facilitate, convey, or deliver arms or ammunition to the enemy, or supply such by any other means, or those who keep such in their power or tolerate or deal in such through the customs and employees of customs who fail to confiscate such importations will be held responsible; those who being telegraphists divulge telegrams referring to the war, or who send them to persons who should not be cognizant of them; those who, through the press or otherwise, revile the prestige of Spain, its army, the volunteers, or firemen, or any other force that cooperates with the army; those who, by the same means, endeavor to extol the enemy; those who supply the enemy with horses, cattle or any other war resources, those who act as spies, and to these the utmost rigor of the law will be applied; those who serve as guides, unless surrendering at once and showing proof of compulsion and giving the troops evidence at once of loyalty; those who adulterate army food or conspire to alter the prices of provisions; those who by messenger, pigeons, fireworks, or other signals communicate news to the enemy.

"The offenses enumerated, when the law prescribes the death penalty or life imprisonment, will be dealt with most summarily."

Tampa, Fla., Feb. 17.—One hundred and forty passengers arrived on the steamer Olivette from Cuba Sunday night. They say that the rumor prevails in Havana that the prisoners in Moro castle are being shot, as the firing can be heard in the city. Gomez has notified Gen. Weyler that should he attempt to repeat his atrocities of the former revolution that he would be shot by Cuban assassins. A Spanish secret service detective named Garcia will arrive on the next steamer, commissioned to remain here to spy upon expeditions.

Havana, Feb. 17.—The town of Managua, four leagues from Havana, was again attacked by the insurgents and captured after a fight lasting 40 minutes. The Spanish regulars, fortifying themselves in the church, held out an hour longer. The Spanish volunteer

garrison, however, went over to the insurgents at the beginning of the attack and to a man joined the invaders, with all the arms and ammunition at their disposal. The Cuban force was led by Col. Castillo, of Gomez's advance, who, after taking the church by storm, disarmed and then paroled its defenders. Castillo was slightly wounded during the fight.

Managua is an important mountain resort, frequented by rich citizens of Havana, and is connected by a carriage road with this city. The news from Managua created a flutter of excitement in military and high official circles, and troops were started out to check the new and unexpected rebel advance upon the capital.

W. F. Mannix, correspondent in Cuba for an American military journal, and representative of several American newspapers, has, after considerable diplomatic correspondence, been forcibly expelled from Cuba. He left the island Saturday on the steamer Olivette.

Before leaving Mannix filed a formal protest with American Consul Williams. Mannix claims the latter aided the Spanish government more than the American citizen. Williams endeavored to induce Mannix to leave voluntarily. Mannix refused, until served with an official order. Williams then cabled a protest to the Washington state department, which replied that it saw no cause for interference.

DEATH IN A MINE.

Four Killed and Four Injured at Republic, Mich.

Republic, Mich., Feb. 17.—The most distressing accident that has ever occurred here took place Saturday morning at No. 1 pit, Republic mine. After finishing their night's work 11 miners got into the skip to ride to the surface. The skip jumped the track on an incline less than 60 feet from the bottom, and as the occupants had no means of signaling the engineer to stop hoisting the skip it was pulled along until it was caught and overturned. The men were caught between the heavy iron skip and the rough sides of the shaft and were terribly crushed.

Four of them were instantly killed, one was fatally injured, three were less seriously hurt and the remaining three escaped with slight bruises.

The dead are: Adolph Bartel, married; James Dodge, married; William McGrath, single; Matthias Tegelberg, married. The most seriously injured are: Charles Anderson, three ribs broken; Eric Marti, leg broken; James McGrath, back hurt; Andrew Peterson, hurt internally, recovery doubtful. All of the victims were old residents of Republic.

NANSEN SAFE, AT LEAST.

Report That He Is Returning from the Arctic Regions Confirmed.

London, Feb. 17.—A telegram from the British consul at Archangel, far to the north in Russia, confirms the report that Nansen, the Arctic explorer, is safe and returning from the north pole. The news of Dr. Nansen's success has aroused intense interest in this city. The report received from Irkutsk, Siberia, was generally discredited at first, although more faith was placed in it than in the previous rumors which reached London during the last 12 months. The dispatch from the British consul at Archangel, however, is regarded as conclusively showing that the Norwegian explorer is homeward bound, even if he has not discovered the pole. Dispatches received here from different parts of the continent indicate that the same interest in the news from the north is manifested throughout Europe, and it is also generally credited at the European capital.

NOT GUILTY.

Banker Day, of Milwaukee, Acquitted on a Serious Charge.

Milwaukee, Feb. 17.—Banker F. T. Day, of the defunct Plankinton bank, was Sunday night found not guilty of the charge of having taken money from depositors, although he knew the bank to be insolvent. The jury of the municipal court, had been out for 30 hours and 30 minutes. The prosecution made application for a trial on the second count of the original information in which a similar charge is made, with the difference that it is claimed to have occurred at a later date, but it is almost certain that a trial on this charge will not be granted. Banker Day is still under bond. Judge Goodland will hear arguments on the second count of the information on next Friday.

MRS. LEASE IN THE PULPIT.

The Well-Known Lady Preaches Her First Sermon at Wichita.

Wichita, Kan., Feb. 17.—Rev. Mary E. Lease began her ministerial career in this city Sunday night, receiving a flattering reception. The Central Church of Christ, one of the largest in the city, was crowded to the limit of its capacity and many thousands were turned away. It had been expected that Mrs. Lease would deal largely in sensationalism, but her theme and its exposition were far removed from anything of that nature. It is predicted that her fame as a pulpit orator will far exceed what she has achieved as a reformer.

Death of an Editor.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—James Wright, assistant managing editor of the Chronicle, died at his home in this city of pneumonia after an illness of three days, aged 36 years.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Victoria Is Noncommittal as to Venezuela.

Hopes for a Speedy and Equitable Arrangement—The Question Discussed by Salisbury, Rosebery and Harcourt.

London, Feb. 12.—Parliament assembled Tuesday, after a recess of 160 days, for what promises to be one of the most important sessions of recent years. The queen's speech was by no means lengthy, and on the Venezuelan boundary dispute is noncommittal. It opens with the usual statement that her majesty continues to receive from other powers assurances of their friendly sentiments. Touching matters relative to America it says:

"The government of the United States has expressed a wish to cooperate in terminating the differences which have existed for many years between my government and the republic of Venezuela upon the boundary of that country and my colony of British Guiana. I have expressed my sympathy with the desire to come to an equitable arrangement, and I trust that further negotiations will lead to a satisfactory settlement."

"The sultan of Turkey has sanctioned the principal reforms in the government of the Armenian provinces, which, in conjunction with the emperor of Russia and president of the French republic, I felt it my duty to press. I deeply regret that a fanatical outbreak upon the part of a section of the Turkish population has resulted in a series of massacres in those provinces which have caused the deepest indignation in this country. Papers on these transactions will be laid before you."

"A sudden incursion into the South African republic by an armed force from territories under the control of the British South Africa company resulted in a deplorable collision with the burgher forces. My ministers, at the earliest possible moment, intervened to prohibit, through the high commissioner, this hostile action and to warn all my subjects throughout South Africa against taking part in aid of it. The origin and circumstances of these proceedings will form the subject of a searching inquiry."

The speech concludes with references to the Chitral and Ashantee expeditions.

Harcourt's Views.

In the house of commons, speaking with reference to the Venezuelan question, Sir William Verron Harcourt, leader of the opposition, said:

"I think the speech from the throne holds out the hope that the question is ready for immediate settlement. No criticism of such a conclusion shall fall from my lips. Every member must feel deep responsibility in speaking on the subject and take care that no word shall embarrass the government in seeking a settlement. All the members ought to endeavor to aid in anything tending to smooth the ruffled feelings of England and America. Among the leading causes of irritation was the notion that arose in America that there was a disposition on the part of Great Britain to question the Monroe doctrine, for which Americans have an affection and passionate attachment. That notion is now disclaimed and dispelled. The Monroe doctrine is not a doctrine of international law, but a principle of national policy akin to what in the last century was called the balance of power, on which Great Britain had interposed in Belgium, Greece and other places. The United States, following the wise teachings of Washington, have declared that they would not interfere in European affairs, but it is their fixed policy to oppose the invasion of the territorial and political rights of the American states. That is the Monroe doctrine. I cannot understand why England's feelings should be ruffled by that."

Lord Rosebery Talks.

In the house of lords, Lord Rosebery spoke at considerable length on matters referred to in the queen's speech. He said:

"I welcome the intervention of the United States in the Venezuelan matter, inasmuch as it introduces into the question the important element of a solid, substantial government offering to guarantee the permanence of any settlement that may be arrived at. I welcome with infinite joy the indications in the speech from the throne that there has been communication between Great Britain and the United States in the direction of an equitable arrangement. Two things may be heartily welcomed as the outcome of the difficulty with the United States. The first is the unbounded expression of loyalty by Canada, and the second the serious movement on both sides in favor of permanent machinery by which questions referring to arbitration can be dealt with without loss of dignity or impairment of the sovereign rights of either."

Salisbury Heard From.

Prime Minister Salisbury followed Lord Rosebery. A synopsis of his remarks are given here:

He concurred with Lord Rosebery, that the mingling of the United States in the Venezuelan question might, from some points of view, conduce to desirable results. He did not think the invoking of the Monroe doctrine was controversially quite unnecessary. Considering the position of Venezuela in the Caribbean sea it was no more unnatural that the United States should take an interest in the matter than that Great Britain should take an interest in Holland or Belgium, and from that point of view he trusted that the negotiations would continue.

It was obviously undesirable to state, at present, the conditions of the negotiations, but he had an increasing belief during the last few weeks that, although perhaps after long negotiations, a satisfactory settlement would be found, and that all danger of a rupture of the relations between the two nations would be entirely removed. He did not wish the house to think that an agreement had yet been arrived at. He thought it rightly relied upon the question of arbitration. The United States attached a more unrestricted value upon the method of adjusting differences than had hitherto been done in England. He concurred with Lord Rosebery that the proposal which, at the will of an arbitrator, might hand over 40,000 British subjects to Venezuela could not be accepted; but he believed that means might be found, by combining negotiations and arbitration, to effect a settlement. The great obstacle to a settlement had been the extravagant claims of Venezuela when she treated the whole country as far as Essequibo was undeniably hers and then broke off diplomatic relations with Great Britain. But for that he believed that the difficulty would have been solved long ago.

FOUND THE NORTH POLE.

Assured Success of Nansen, the Arctic Explorer.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.—A dispatch from Irkutsk, Siberia, says that a Siberian trader named Kouchnareff, who is acting in the capacity of agent for Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, has informed the prefect of Kolyma that he has received information that Nansen has reached the north pole, where he found land, and that he is now on his way back.

Kouchnareff, the man mentioned in the dispatch from Irkutsk as the agent of Dr. Nansen, who has received information that the explorer has found the pole and is returning, is Dr. Nansen's dog supplier. He resides near the



DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN.

mouth of the Lena river. The people of that locality pay frequent visits to New Siberia, and he may in this manner have brought the news to Kouchnareff.

London, Feb. 14.—The reported discovery by Dr. Nansen of the north pole is much discussed by the press both in London and, according to foreign telegrams, elsewhere, and the general opinion seems to be somewhat skeptical without denying the possibility of the truth of the report. But this report is held to at least indicate that Dr. Nansen is safe and is returning.

London, Feb. 14.—Relatives of Dr. Nansen have circulated a statement that they do not attach credence to the report of Kouchnareff.

SHEA'S EXECUTION.

Dies with a Declaration of Innocence on His Lips.

Danmora, N. Y., Feb. 12.—At 9:30 a. m. Tuesday in the death chamber at the penitentiary "Bat" Shea was electrocuted for the murder of Robert Ross two years ago at Troy, N. Y. Shea displayed much firmness and with his last breath protested his innocence.

The autopsy on the body of Shea showed a diseased condition of the lungs. Tuberculosis had set in and he could not have lived more than a few months at the utmost. The following letter from Shea was opened after the execution:

"On the verge of death, I desire to say that I do not think I had a fair trial. Extraordinary means were taken to convict me, and testimony given by Mr. Lansing was absolutely untrue. I am sorry for Ross' family and for the fact it has cast over them; but I did not go to the polls on election day to shoot Robert Ross, and had no intention of injuring him. I die for a crime I did not commit. I am an innocent man. I bid you all farewell."

An interview was held Tuesday afternoon with Convict John B. McGough, who five weeks ago confessed that he, and not "Bat" Shea, killed Robert Ross. McGough still insists that he was the slayer and said: "I have made every reparation possible, knowing that I killed Ross. In killing Shea, they have killed an innocent man. I am the man who should have sat in that chair." McGough made his statement calmly and without a tremor.

[Bartholomew Shea shot and killed Robert Ross on election day in the spring of 1894 at Troy, N. Y. William and Robert Ross were prominent republicans in Troy, and had charge of the canvass of the ward in which they lived. They became engaged in a fight with Shea, John McGough and a number of their friends. Shea was arrested for the murder of Robert Ross and McGough was placed under arrest charged with assault in the first degree upon William Ross. Shea was sentenced to die last July and McGough was sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.

The case was carried to the court of appeals, where Shea was beaten upon the unanimous verdict of the court. Shea was then sentenced to die during Christmas week. Shea's wife and mother pleaded personally with the governor to spare the life of the prisoner until after the holidays, and the governor granted a respite until the second week in January. All arrangements had been made at that time for Shea's death and the invitations to the witnesses were issued.

At that time McGough confessed that he had murdered Ross, and pending an investigation the governor granted another respite to February 4. McGough's confession was not substantiated by the facts in the case, and as a last recourse Shea made application for a new trial, which was denied.]

"BLACK DEATH."

The Fatal Scourge Attacks Residents of Floyd County, Ky.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 15.—A fatal disease, resembling cerebro-spinal meningitis, commonly known as "black death," has again broken out in Floyd county. There have been eight deaths already—five in one family, three in another. More than 25 cases are reported in the vicinity. Last March the disease was thought to have been carried there from Cincinnati by a commercial traveler, who was its first victim. It then spread till warm weather, felling its victims daily, in which time more than 50 deaths occurred. It affects the mouth at first by swelling, which goes into the throat and chokes the victim to death, usually in less than 24 hours—never exceeding that time.

Was a Sailor Forty Years.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 13.—Uncle Billy Swift, aged 70, for 40 years a sailor, who had touched at all the important harbors of the world, died at his home in this city.

Decision in Favor of the De Long Hook and Eye.

Judge Acheson, in the United States Circuit Court at Pittsburgh, has just rendered, in the case of Richardson & DeLong Brothers vs. Campbell & Smith, an important decision of great interest, sustaining letters patent owned by Richardson & DeLong Brothers, which were granted to Frank E. De Long for a humped hook and eye, and enjoining the defendants from selling the "Golden Spring" hooks and eyes.

The hooks dealt in by the defendants were manufactured by the Golden Spring Hook and Eye Company, of Springfield, Mass. In these hooks the portions of the straight and curved portions of the De Long loop were reversed. The Court held that this did not void infringement, and directed a decree to be entered for the plaintiffs.

The case, which was a test one of great importance, was contested at great length, and has been pending for almost two years.

Messrs. Richardson & DeLong Brothers were represented by Messrs. Strawbridge & Taylor, Bradbury Bedell, and John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, and Frederick P. Fish, of Boston, and the defendants by Messrs. Allan Webster and William L. Pierce.—N. Y. Times, February 3, 1896.

AMERICA'S GREATEST SEED GROWERS.

Thirty years ago when the Salzers were conducting in a small but profitable way, a market garden and green house business in La Crosse, Wis., they little dreamed that within a third of a century they would be the leaders in the seed-growing and seed-selling industry of America. The secret of this phenomenal success was quality, liberality, push. Nothing in the world advertises itself quicker and better, and more lasting than quality, and to the superior merit of Salzer's northern grown seeds; to their unusual life and vigor and to their absolute surety of growth, in conjunction with their great producing qualities, and this coupled with the great liberality of the firm in the way of rare and many extras to each order and push back of all, has placed the firm in the van and entitles them to the proud distinction of America's greatest seed growers!

The production of rare vegetable sorts and new farm seeds has long been a great specialty with this company, owning and operating many thousands of acres of land. Their great eight hundred-acre farm in South Dakota was visited by thousands interested in higher farming, and all rail roads gave half-fare rate within the state to any wishing to see the farm. The Salzers pay great attention to the new grasses, clovers and fodder plants, and their catalogue contains the largest list of rare farm seeds found in America.

A strong point of the John A. Salzer Seed Co. is that they keep large stocks of everything in the seed line on hand, so that a customer ordering of them is always sure of getting what he orders.

A slight idea of the magnitude of this firm's business can be gathered that they issue probably the largest number of catalogues of any American firm; that they use over \$60,000 postage a year, employ in the packing and distributing of their seeds upwards of six hundred hands and require for their distributing warehouse over ten acres of floor room.

A five cent postage stamp sent to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., will bring you their great catalogue.



"The Wooden Hen." The illustration shown herewith is small in size, but really large when we consider that the "Wooden Hen" is no larger than a live hen, yet has double the capacity. It weighs only 15 pounds, has a capacity of 28 eggs, and while not a toy, is just as amusing, besides being instructive as well.

We suggest that every reader of this write a copy of his hand some little booklet "K," describing the "Wooden Hen," also his large catalogue of the Model Excelsior Incubator. All sent free. Mention this paper.

Prosperous Farmers.

Yankton Press and Dakotian: In Yankton County, South Dakota, there are at least one thousand farmers who came here poor as the proverbial turkey of Job, and who today count their worldly possessions by thousands. Many of them started in with a house built of sod, and almost empty, and they occupy fine dwelling houses, have large barns, fine horses, cattle, hogs and sheep, granaries filled with grain, fruit orchards, and money in hand. We mention this to show that South Dakota farmers are not the poor exception. Prosperity is the rule—not the exception. With fair prices for grain and live stock they would be rolling in wealth. Prices, however, have nothing to do with the fertility of the soil and the favorable character of the climate. These natural advantages are here to stay and assure prosperity to the farming classes. A copy of an illustrated pamphlet on "Irrigation in South Dakota," just issued by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, can be had by addressing W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, Chicago, Ill.

A man is like a razor, because you can't tell how sharp he can be until he is strapped.—Texas Sittings.

Schiller Theater, Chicago. Feb. 10, Hanlon's "Fantasma," now, bright and thoroughly up to date in every particular, will be the attraction.

TRADE RETARDED.

Business Held Back by Weather, Congressional Inaction and Close Money.

New York, Feb. 15.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

"The weather still hinders business, also continued closeness of money and prolonged inaction of congress; but confidence for some manufactured products. Exports improve with yielding prices of staples, and for the week from New York exceed last year's 26 per cent., while imports have increased 15 per cent. Pig iron at the east and at Chicago has not advanced. Southern competition continues at prices so low that several Alabama furnaces have stopped, but Bessemer is a shade lower at Pittsburgh. The demand for plates, sheets and wire nails continues fairly good, and there are more orders for railroad cars and bar iron at Chicago, but no further sales of rails appeared.

"The demand for boots and shoes is still disappointing. Some makers get good orders for women's light shoes, but others scarcely any, and Boston shipments thus far are 21 per cent. less than last year. Textile work shows little change, though the cut in print cloths and general concessions in brown and bleached staples averaging for the whole list quite 6 per cent. since January 1, induced more buying, which the known accumulation of goods ahead of demand has hindered. Many mills are reporting great profits last year from the rise in cotton, but the prospect of a larger crop this year does not promise repetition of such gains.

"Produce markets have tended downward mainly because supplies exceeded expectations. Wheat has declined 1/2 cent. Corn is a shade lower and both pork and lard a little lower. Cotton receipts at this season never large still indicate a supply for the current crop year, including stocks brought over, much in excess of the world's needs, so that the prospect of increased acreage has the more power to depress prices, and spot cotton has declined an eighth for the week. Exports in January were \$8,553,565, less than last year, though prices were 45 per cent. higher.

"Failures for the first week of February were \$4,079,680, against \$2,969,590 last year. Manufacturing were \$2,372,253, against \$729,245 last year, and \$1,504,072 in 1894, and trading were \$1,626,427, against \$1,934,594 last year, and \$2,485,555 in 1894. Failures for the week have been 321 in the United States, against 279 last year, and 67 in Canada, against 51 last year."

Bradstreet's says: "The general business situation throughout the country does not meet anticipations, and except at a few cities—Baltimore and Pittsburgh, in the east, Chicago, St. Louis and Omaha, in the west, Galveston, Chattanooga and Atlanta, in the south—remains dull for the season, in most instances disappointingly so. Improvement in demand and prices is confined to hides, leather and boots and shoes, which are conspicuous in the short list of staples for which prices are higher. Features of the situation are those resulting from unfavorable weather east and in the central west, reaction in prices of iron and steel, further complaints by woolen manufacturers, an outlook for more idle woolen machinery, a smaller total of bank clearings, continued stiffness, maintenance of high rates for loans notwithstanding the favorable inferences drawn from the heavy oversubscription to the government bond issue and restricted production of pig iron."

WILL BUILD A HALL.

Republican Committee Objects to St. Louis Exposition Building, Also to Wigwam.

St. Louis, Feb. 15.—The committee on hall of the republican national convention met here Friday morning. After conferring with the local committee and its architect, Isaac S. Taylor, and the consulting architect of the national committee, D. Adler, of Chicago, it was decided that the Exposition building was not so constructed as to afford the best facilities for the accommodation of the convention. It was also decided that a wigwam was not desirable, whereupon the local committee acceded to the wishes of the hall committee and agreed to build an auditorium especially designed to fully meet the requirements of the convention and to seat not less than 12,000 persons.

Three sites are in prospect. The south end of Washington park, facing on Twelfth street, Clark avenue and Thirteenth street, will likely be chosen. The funds are in hand to prosecute the work, which will begin when the site is decided upon. The committeemen express themselves well satisfied with the arrangements made to accommodate delegates and visitors to the convention.

PASSED AWAY.

Death of Alexander Davis, Original of One of Mark Twain's Characters.

St. Louis, Feb. 15.—Judge Alexander Davis, the noted jurist, who figured in many of the frontier romances of early days, is dead. He breathed his last at the Baptist sanitarium at 11:14 Friday morning, surrounded by members of his family and friends. He was 64 years old. Judge Davis was the provisional judge selected to preside over the people's court in Virginia City, Nev., and is one of the characters in Mark Twain's "Roughing It." All his decisions were legalized when the first territorial legislature met. Judge Davis was born in Chester county, Ky., in 1832. He was twice married, served till 1863 with Price in the confederate army, returned to Nevada, and came to St. Louis in 1869. He leaves five children.

Medals Ready for Delivery.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The board of control and reference of the World's Columbian commission met here and formally approved and promulgated the work of the bureau of awards of the world's fair. The board also formally accepted the medals and diplomas and designated the secretary of the treasury as the distributing agency for their delivery.

Bank Cashier Accused.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 15.—A. B. Williams, until recently cashier of the Traders' national bank of this city, is said to be short \$33,000 in his accounts.

COME WEST FOR YOUR SEED.

That's what we say, because it's the best. Salzer's Wisconsin grown seeds are bred to earliness and produce the earliest vegetables in the world. Right alongside of other seedmen's earliest, his are 20 days ahead! Just try his earliest peas, radishes, lettuce, cabbage, etc! He is the largest grower of farm and vegetable seeds, potatoes, grasses, clovers, etc!

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c postage. (K.)

EVERY human being is intended to have a character of his own; to be what no other is, and to do what no other can.—Channing.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

If you would know the value of money, go and try to borrow some.—Franklin.

Sifted from the Blood

By the kidneys, impurities pass off harmlessly. The inactivity of the organs named not only cause these impurities to remain and poison the system, but also leads to the degeneration and destruction of the organs themselves. Prevent Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel and other ailments which affect the kidneys and bladder with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which likewise overcomes malarial, dyspeptic, bilious, nervous and rheumatic complaints.

It is heaven, upon earth, to have a man's mind move in charity, rest in providence and turn upon the poles of truth.—Bacon.

INDULGE in procrastination, and in time you will come to this, that because a thing ought to be done, therefore you can't do it.—C. Buxton.

There is no doubt that there are particular moods of mind, aspects of feeling or of life, that can be adequately expressed only by particular kinds of music.—W. Knight.

"Yes, I kissed her when she wasn't expecting anything of the kind." "Lemme see; a young man, a young woman, and nobody about; and the young woman not expecting to be kissed. H'm. Ha! Pooh!"—Indianapolis Journal.

TOMMY—"I think mamma is an awful gossip." Ethel—"Oh, Tommy! How can you say such a thing?" Tommy—"Well, she is; everything I do she immediately goes and tells papa."—Harper's Bazar.

With many readers, brilliancy of style passes for affluence of thought; they mistake buttercups in the grass for immeasurable gold mines under ground.—Longfellow.

"How do the De Tompkins manage with the baby in that tiny flat?" "Oh, they have a first-rate scheme. They keep him in the deepest bureau drawers, and when he cries they shut him up at once!"—N. Y. Tribune.

"O, dear," sighed Mrs. Cumso as she tossed about in bed, "I'm suffering dreadfully from insomnia." "Go to sleep and you'll be all right," growled Mr. Cumso as he rolled over and began to snore again.—Judge.

"REALISTIC?" repeated the critic; "well, I should say he was realistic. You just ought to see the excitement in the Quartier Latin when he drew the corks in a dinner scene he was painting the other day."—Detroit Tribune

"BEAUTY is only skin deep," said the zebra, with an attempt to lighten up the gloom of the menagerie. "I know," replied the rhinoceros, trying to be cheerful, "but think what that means in my case."—Chicago Tribune.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BRECHAM'S PILLS for constipation 10c and 50c. Get the book (free) at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales 6,000,000 boxes.

He that is ungrateful has no guilt but one; all other crimes may pass for virtues in him.—Young.

THROAT DISEASES commence with a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate and sure relief.

A LIE that is half a truth is ever the blackest of lies.—Tennyson.

We have not been without Pisco's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—LIZZIE FERRIS, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

THREE through sleeping car lines to Florida daily via the Queen & Crescent Route.

THE KING CURE OVER ALL FOR Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,

IS **ST. JACOBS OIL.**

THROAT DISEASES commence with a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate and sure relief.

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THREE through sleeping car lines to Florida daily via the Queen & Crescent Route.

Battle Ax

PLUG

As good as can be made regardless of price

5 1/3 Ounces

for **10 cents**

other Brands Only

3 1/5 Ounces

for **10 cents**

Don't take our word for it, but buy a piece and see for yourself.

Pure Pearline

You are sure of Pearline—its record is positive—imitations of Pearline injure hands and clothes.

LOOK OUT. Look out for the man who says he has something just as good as Pearline—he's fooling you—there is nothing else so good as Pearline—Pedlers peddle poor stuff—Pearline is only sold at first-class stores. Made by James Pyle, New York.

STEEL WEB PICKET FENCE.

CABLED FIELD AND HOG FENCE.

Also CABLED POULTRY, GARDEN AND RABBIT FENCE.

We manufacture a complete line of Smooth Wire Fencing and guarantee every article to be as represented. Ask your dealer to show you this Fence. **DE KALB FENCE CO., 122 HIGH ST., DE KALB, ILL.**

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST.

Salzer's Seeds Sprout Quickly, Grow Vigorously, Produce Enormously.

That's their record every where whether in the east or west, north or south, in every state and every climate. We are the largest growers of Farm and Vegetable Seeds in America. Our Mammoth Plant and Seed Catalogue and 20 sample plants of new creations in grain, grass and forage plants, is mailed you upon receipt of 10 cents postage. Catalogue alone 5 cents. Send to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

VIRGINIA FARMING LANDS.

Best Reached from the West and North-West.

...VIA... **COLUMBUS, O.**

NORFOLK & WESTERN R. R.

"HOME SEEKERS" One Way and Excursion Tickets. Write for State and County Map, Schedule and Information before starting.

W. E. REVELL, Gen'l Pass. Agt. ALLAN BULL, Dist. Pass. Agt. ROANOKE, Va. COLUMBUS, O.

STARK TREES & FRUIT.

TESTED 70 YEARS. Salesmen and club makers wanted for GOLD, plum, etc. Stark, Louisiana, La., Lockport, Ill.

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Write at once for ILLUSTRATED BOOK, telling how to LEARN and SECURE a SALARYED POSITION. Address: RICHARD VALENTINE, Manager, JARVISVILLE, W. Va.

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Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

OPIUM

And WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. J. M. WOODLEY, ATLANTA, GA. WE WANT THIS PAPER every time you wish.

A. N. K.—A

1502

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. WETTSTEIN, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of



AYER'S

Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Dec. 1st, 1895.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....7:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....3:19 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express.....9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....11:00 P. M.
No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made for more than one hundred days in payment of installments of interest due and payable on a mortgage dated October 24th, A. D. 1892, made by Katie Clark to George A. Koelsch and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1892, in Liber 79 of mortgages, on page 326, for which default the said George A. Koelsch, by virtue of the right given him by said mortgage, has made and hereby makes the principal sum of said mortgage and the interest accrued thereon now due and payable, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal, interest and attorney's fee, as provided for in said mortgage, nineteen hundred and fifty-four dollars.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on Monday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1896, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the east door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County), to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and all legal costs, to-wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the Township of Lyndon and Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-one (31) in town one south and in range three east (Lyndon.) And about sixty acres, more or less, in the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section six (6), bounded on the north by lands owned by J. Dryan, on the west by lands owned by Fred Richards, and south by lands owned by James Harr, in town two south, in range three east (Sylvan).

Dated December 11th, 1895
G. W. TURNBULL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14, 1896.—Persons unacquainted with the undercurrents of things congressional could see no signs of the fierce fight for and against silver in the quiet ending of the debate on the free coinage substitute for the House bond bill, nor in the taking of the vote by which the House refused by a heavy majority to accept that substitute. That is because the contest was too one-sided to justify any fighting outside of the Congressional Record, and that which took place in the pages of that publication was for the edification of expectant constituencies. But all the same that fight has been going on from the day Congress assembled, everywhere that either side has had a fighting chance to gain a point. One of the most important of these fights, involving six silver Senators, was this week determined when the House Committee on Territories by the slender majority of one vote decided not to report a bill admitting Arizona to statehood. The committee did not divide on party lines, but on silver, and this vote means that bills for the admission of New Mexico and Oklahoma will meet the same fate, and that the six recruits which the silver Senators expected from the three new states will not materialize during the life of this Congress.

Senator Quay is the latest acquisition to the number of "favorite sons" whose names will be presented to the St. Louis convention for Presidential honors. Senator Quay says he has no desire to be President, and adds with remarkable candor for a politician that by supporting him to the extent of a complimentary vote his Pennsylvania friends will avoid the embarrassment which might follow their supporting some other candidate. It is noticeable that the "favorite son" idea is being encouraged by the leading practical politicians, and the reason is not far to seek. It gives them an opportunity to combine on the first winner, which they would not have if a nomination was made on the first ballot.

The Dawes Indian Commission, the members of which have had what the street gamins call a "good thing" for nearly two years, is going to be wiped out by Secretary Hoke Smith because of its failure to do anything to warrant its continued existence. The commission spent the greater part of the summer of '94 and '95 in Indian Territory, but accomplished nothing. Secretary Smith has officially notified the Indian committees of the House and Senate that the Dawes Commission, the members of which are now in Washington, will remain in existence for another month, in order that the committees may have an opportunity of obtaining any information the commission may have acquired during its negotiations with the Indians. Then, several gentlemen will cease to draw Uncle Sam's money.

Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, made a few remarks, based upon a clause in the urgency deficiency bill, allowing the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint 25 expert money counters without requiring them to pass a civil service examination, which were quite as sensational as his recent anti-Monroe doctrine speech. He said that the real menace to the country was not the Civil Service Commission, but the power of patronage lodged with the Executive, and which had never before been abused to such an extent as under the present administration; that a free coinage bill would have been passed by the House of the last Congress had not the power of patronage been brought to bear by the administration; that Colorado is to-day flooded with appointments, many of them unfit ones, made by the Secretary of the Treasury for Congressmen who "ratted" on the silver bill, thus debauching constituencies; that the best service that could be performed would be to deprive the President and his cabinet officers of all patronage, so that Senators and Representatives would no longer hang around the White House and the executive departments, begging for crumbs of patronage.

Considerable amusement has been afforded by a letter received from Waltham, Mass., in which the writer advocates the bill prepared by the Massachusetts Immigration League, providing an educational test for immigrants. The following is a fair specimen of this letter, and is given just as written: "It is outrageous the ignominious furloughs what is overrun this country. I was lost in Boston all night by ignorant policemen not now in directions where we married needs live."

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, declared in a speech this week that two of the most gigantic useless institutions in the country were the Civil Service Commission and the Interstate Commerce Commission; that the latter was as powerful as an infant to carry out its judgments and findings, and that whenever a member of the former developed the slightest amount of backbone or independence he heard a

voice from the White House announcing a vacancy in the Civil Service Commission.

The Senate without a division adopted the resolution offered by Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, directing the Secretary of Agriculture to execute the law by purchasing and distributing seeds, etc., and in order that there may be no delay in beginning the distribution the Secretary is authorized to buy in the open market. There is little doubt that the House will also adopt it. Then what will Secretary Morton do?

Law and Order League.

At a preliminary meeting, held at the Baptist church last Friday evening, the question of the necessity and propriety of organizing a Law and Order League for the village of Chelsea was considered, and a constitution was presented and approved as the basis of such organization.

The object of the league is the strict enforcement of all existing laws; the early enactment of more stringent laws for the suppression of vice, immorality and crime; and general municipal reform.

It was then thought advisable to call a mass meeting of the voting citizens of Chelsea, to be held on Friday evening, February 21st, for the purpose of laying the matter before them, obtaining signatures to the constitution, completing the organization by the election of officers, and taking such further action as may be deemed advisable.

The committee appointed to secure a suitable place for said meeting have engaged the town hall for that purpose, where the meeting will be held at 8 o'clock p. m. on the day above named.

Every voter residing within our corporate limits, who is in favor of the strict execution of existing ordinances, and the enactment of such other ordinances as may be found necessary for the suppression of lawlessness and crime in our beautiful and prosperous village, is earnestly requested to be present.

Good Things to Learn.

These bits of gratuitous advice going the rounds of the press, are to the point, and whoever w/e's them can credit it with having had experience in life:

Learn to laugh. A good laugh is better than medicine.

Learn how to tell a story. A well told story is as welcome as a sunbeam in a sick room.

Learn to keep your own troubles to yourself. The world is too busy to care for your ills and sorrows.

Learn to stop croaking. If you cannot see any good in this world keep the bad to yourself.

Learn to hide your aches and pains under a pleasant smile. No one cares whether you have the earache, headache or rheumatism.

Learn to attend strictly to your own business. Very important point.

Learn not to cry. The tender-hearted are considered weak.

Learn to curb your sympathy for and generosity to tramps. They deserve neither the one nor the other.

Learn to greet your friends with a smile. They carry too many troubles in their own heart to be bothered with any of yours.

Business Pointers.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

For sale, high grade bicycle; ridden one season; fine condition. R. S. A. & Co.

For sale at a bargain, three horses—two four years old and one nine years old. W. J. Knapp.

Wanted—Dry four-foot or stove length wood taken in exchange for harness or blankets. C. Steinhach, Chelsea.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal. says: "Santon's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Teachers' Examinations.

The examination of teachers of Washtenaw county for the ensuing year will be held as follows:

Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of August 1895, and the last Thursday of March, 1896.

Regular examination for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896.

Special examination for third grade, at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895. WM. W. WEDEMEYER, Commissioner of Schools.

Shiloh's Cure, the great Cough and Croup Cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. Sold by Armstrong and Co.

Fresh Air.

We hear many wholesome instructions upon the importance of cultivating a cheerful temper. But too often it is assumed that it is simply an affair of resolution, and that all you have to do is to resolve to be cheerful and you will be. We have come to learn that mental states are very closely connected with physical causes. The wit who answered the question "Is life worth living?" by saying: "It depends upon the liver," gave utterance to a profound truth. You tell me that I ought to be cheerful, but I do not feel so; indeed, I feel like revenging myself on you for giving me such heathen advice. Do you not see that I am in the dumps, and, were it not for my resolution, I would sink still further in them? Let these Job's comforters, who are directing people to an end, give a little more attention to the means. What you should tell your friend to do is to leave his stuffy room, first flinging open every window to the breezes of heaven, and to go out for a brisk walk in the open air; what he needs is not an exhortation, but oxygenization of his blood. Behold him an hour later, as he returns with face aglow! The blues have all left him, and he beams upon you with a radiant glance. Fresh air did it. What American housewives need vastly more than the tonics with which they dose themselves is more fresh air. After the children have gone to school, let the mother put on her sack and bonnet and spend an hour in the open air. It is an excellent time to look in for a moment on a friend who lives a mile or two away. What if the housework is not done? It will be dispatched with equal speed and better heart an hour or two later. And there will be the added advantage that when the husband returns at night he will be greeted by a smiling face and a cheerful spirit—Watchman.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a healthy living body, either of man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Mean Trick on the Rabbit.

An ingenious hunter living in Oil City, Pa., has aroused the envy of the local hunters by his success in killing rabbits. At one end of a small rubber hose he has fastened a tin whistle, which he covered with calico to prevent the dirt from clogging up the whistle. When a rabbit takes to the burrow the hunter inserts the hose, which from its pliable nature can be made to follow the windings of the hole, and when it is near the rabbit the hunter blows through the hose, sounding the whistle. The rabbit loses no time in making for outdoors, and is then caught or shot by the hunter.

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion, for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Feb. 17, 1896:

J. F. Hoover.
Mrs. Joe Martin.
Chas. W. Fuller.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Markets.

Chelsea, Feb. 20, 1896.	
Eggs, per dozen	11c
Butter, per pound	11c
Oats, per bushel	20c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	70c
Potatoes, per bushel	15c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	25c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.00

AYER'S
ROOT
CURE
CURES CONSTITUTION
INDIGESTION DIZZINESS
ERUPTIONS ON THE SKIN
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION
10 CENTS A CASE IT WILL NOT CURE

An agreeable Laxative and Nervine Tonic Sold by Druggists or sent by mail, 25c. and \$1.00 per package. Samples free.

NO NO. The Favorite Tonic for the Teeth and Breath.

SOLD BY
R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday the 23rd day of January, in the year thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of John Haselochwerdt, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly filed, of Eva Mary Haselochwerdt, administratrix, praying that she may be licensed to the real estate whereof said deceased was seized.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, 25th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and to cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
WM. G. DUTY, Probate Register.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made and executed by Alfred Seitz, of the Township of Pittsford, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, Luther James, of the Township of Lima, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated the 8th day of March, A. D. 1887, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Washtenaw on 15th day of March, A. D. 1887, in Liber 4 of Mortgages, on page 478, which said mortgage was duly assigned by Thomas S. Sears, Lewis W. James, executors of the last will and testament of said Luther James, deceased, James L. Hubbard, by assignment, dated the 8th day of March, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said Washtenaw County on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1895, in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on page 299; by which the power of sale in said mortgage has been operative, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifteen hundred and seven dollars (\$157.00), (and that there is still to become thereon March 15th, 1896, an installment principal of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00), and also an installment of principal March 15th, 1897, of fourteen hundred dollars, besides interest thereon since March 15th, 1894, and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been commenced to recover the mortgage by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, that said mortgage will be foreclosed on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1896, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the south front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County), by sale of the premises therein described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, together with the costs of this proceeding, and the attorney for thirty dollars, provided for in said mortgage, said premises to be sold as described in mortgage as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Pittsford, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter of Section number thirteen (13), in Township number three (3), of Range number six (6) east, in said County, subject to the right of way of the Detroit Hillsdale Railroad across said lot.

The above foreclosure sale will be made subject to the payment of principal and interest to become due upon said described mortgage as hereinbefore stated.

Dated January 2nd, 1896.

[Signed] JAMES L. BABCOCK, Assignee of Mortgage.

G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for Assignee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday the 4th day of February, in the year thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of John Mullen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James P. Wood, administratrix, praying that she may be licensed to sell real estate whereof said deceased died seized.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 25th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
WM. G. DUTY, Probate Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of James Cunningham, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that said claims from date are allowed, by order of said Court, for Creditors to present claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. B. Taylor, Esq., in the City of Chelsea, in said County, on the 28th day of May and on the 8th day of June next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each said day, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Feb. 8th, 1896.
CHARLES E. WHITAKER, Commissioner.
EDWARD GORMAN, Commissioner.

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